Your Inspection Report

57 Highland Ave Toronto, ON



PREPARED FOR: TERRENCE LITTLE

INSPECTION DATE: Thursday, April 30, 2015

PREPARED BY: Gordon Mathieu, B.Sc Elec Eng, MBA





Carson, Dunlop & Associates Ltd. 120 Carlton Street, Suite 407 Toronto, ON M5A 4K2

416-964-9415

www.carsondunlop.com info@carsondunlop.com

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April 30, 2015

Dear Terrence Little,

RE: Report No. 47873 57 Highland Ave Toronto, ON

Thank you for choosing us to perform your home inspection. We hope the experience met your expectations.

There are a series of coloured tabs at the top of each page of the attached report that you can click for easy navigation. Each tab takes you to a section describing each major home system (Roofing, Exterior, Structure, etc.). Blue, underlined text indicates a hyperlink. Click on the hyperlink for more information on that subject or condition. There is further reference material at the end.

A home inspection identifies the current condition of the property but cannot predict the future. Our home warranty protects you against the high cost of repair and replacement to furnaces, air conditioners, water heaters and appliances for as long as you own your home. To learn more, click on the Appendix heading at the top of any page of your report.

Please feel free to contact us with questions about the report or the home itself any time, for as long as you own your home. Our telephone and e-mail consulting service is available at no cost to you. Please watch for your follow-up e-mail. We hope you will fill out and return our client questionnaire.

Thanks again for choosing Carson Dunlop.

Sincerely,

Gordon Mathieu, B.Sc Elec Eng, MBA on behalf of Carson, Dunlop & Associates Ltd.

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OVERVIEW	ROOFING	EXTERIOR	STRUCTURE	ELECTRICAL	HEATING	COOLING	INSULATION	PLUMBING	INTERIOR
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INTRODUCTION

This page is typically reserved for significant expenses that will likely occur in the short term. None were found.

The report does include important information, including some recommendations for improvements. This page must not be considered as the complete report. Please read the entire report and the appropriate text included in the provided hyperlinks.

The goal of a home inspection is to identify significant issues that would affect the average person's decision to buy a home. While looking for big issues we typically identify some minor defects along the way. We include these in the report as a courtesy, but please understand a home inspection is not a Technical Audit and does not include compiling a comprehensive list of minor issues. (That service is available at additional cost.)

When you move into the home you will typically identify a number of minor issues not identified in the report. That is to be expected and we suggest you allow roughly 1% of the value of the home annually for this type of maintenance and repair.

Houses are designed to last a very long time, but many of the components are consumable. Roofs, heating systems, air conditioning systems and water heaters, for example, wear out and are replaced from time to time. A home with older systems does not mean a poor quality house.

Many elements like kitchens, bathrooms, flooring, siding and windows are most often changed for lifestyle and decorating reasons. These discretionary home improvements are typically planned projects.

Un-planned repairs or replacements are never welcome, but are part of the 'joy of home ownership'. We encourage you to set up maintenance programs to protect your investment, reduce costs, improve comfort and efficiency, and extend life expectancy.

A Word About Water

Uncontrolled water is the enemy of homes. It not only damages the replaceable components, it also attacks the permanent elements of a home including wood and steel structural members, siding, trim, windows, doors, walls, floors and ceilings. Water also promotes mold growth.

Water sources include rain, snow, surface water, ground water; leaks from plumbing and heating systems and condensation. Again, preventative maintenance is the key to protecting your investment and avoiding water damage. This includes keeping gutters and downspouts clear and leak free, and discharging water well away from the building. Lot grading should slope slightly down away from the home to direct surface water away from the home.

Annual maintenance programs on roofs, gutters, heating and cooling systems and water heaters help minimize water damage.

NOTE: BALLPARK COSTS AND TIME FRAMES

Any ballpark costs and time estimates provided are a courtesy and should not be relied on for budgeting or decision-making. Quotations from specialists should be obtained. The word 'Minor' describes any cost up to roughly

OVERVIEW

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Descriptions

General: • High-quality materials

General: • The roof covering is newer and in good condition.

Sloped roofing material:

<u>Asphalt shingles</u>





Left side



Upper Front

Flat roofing material:

Modified bitumen membrane

Right side



Lower front

ROOFING

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Modified bitumen membrane

Dormer roofing material:

<u>Asphalt shingles</u>



Asphalt shingles

Bay roofing material:

Metal



Asphalt shingles

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ROOFING

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Metal

Garage roofing material:

Modified bitumen membrane



Chimneys:

Masonry

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Left side, rear



Left side, front



Right side, front

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PLUMBING INTERIOR

ROOFING57 Highland Ave, Toronto, ONOVERVIEWROOFINGAPPENDIXREFERENCE	April 30, 2015 or structure electrical heating cooling insulation	Report No. 47873 www.carsondunlop.com PLUMBING INTERIOR
Observations and Rec	commendations	
VULNERABLE AREAS \ Observation: • Flashings are vul Location: Various Task: Monitor / Improve Time: Regular maintenance		
Condition: • <u>Skylight(s) - vuln</u> Location: Various Task: Monitor / Improve Time: Regular maintenance	erable area for leakage	
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ROOFING

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Inspection Methods and Limitations

Roof inspection method: • Walking on the roof

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 S7 Highland Ave, Toronto, ON April 30, 2015

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 Interior

Descriptions

General: • Numerous exterior improvements have been performed, please consult the feature sheet...

General: • The large garage's interior has been completely finished...



General: • The exterior has been well maintained and is in good condition.

Gutters and Downspouts:







Discharge above grade

Retaining Walls:

• Stone

Discharge above grade

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Stone

Stone

• <u>Wood</u>

The seller stated that the actual retaining wall material is 6"x6" lumber, but is faced with stone...



Wood

Wall Surfaces:

Brick

Observations and Recommendations

LOT GRADING \ Observations

Condition: • The grading around portions of the house is relatively neutral.

Implication(s): When trying to minimize basement leakage, it is always best to be proactive and slope the grading away from the house. Maintain positive slope away from house

Task: Monitor/Improve

Time: If necessary

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EXTERIOR 57 Highland Ave, Toro	nto, ON Aj	pril 30, 2015					-	No. 47873
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	Recon	nmended gra	ading slopes		•			
	1 the minimum	A Mone Bale Sulface				Click on image to enlarge.		

WINDOWS \ Exterior side

Condition: • These two basement windows have been filled-in... **Location**: Left Side



EXTERIOR

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EXTERIOR

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ROOFING

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Exterior inspection method: • The exterior was inspected from ground level.

Limitations: • Fences, outbuildings (other than garages) and landscape features are not included as part of a home inspection.

Limitations: • Irrigation System is not evaluated as part of a Home Inspection



Irrigation System Controller

Limitations: • Garage - storage restricted the inspection

STRUCTURE

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COOLING	INSULATION	FLUMBING	

OVERVIEW ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL

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Descriptions

General: • The structure has performed well, with no evidence of significant movement.

Foundations:
• Not visible

Configuration:

Basement

The basement floor has been lowered: evaluation of this work is beyond the scope of a home inspection.

Floor Construction: • Concrete • Joists - wood

Exterior Wall Construction: • Masonry

Roof and Ceiling Framing: • Not visible • Rafters/Roof joists

Observations and Recommendations

CONCRETE FLOORS \Observations

Condition: • Concrete basement, crawlspace and garage floors are not typically part of the structure. Almost all basement, crawlspace and garage concrete floors have minor shrinkage and settlement cracks.

FOUNDATIONS AND MASONRY WALLS \ Observations

Condition: • Most foundation walls and masonry walls have small cracks due to minor shrinkage, settlement or shifting. These will not be individually noted, unless leakage or building movement is noted.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Structure inspection method: • Knee wall areas entered but access was limited

Limitations: • Finishes, insulation, furnishings and storage conceal structural components, preventing/restricting inspection. • It is not possible to determine the presence or extent of ongoing movement based on a one-time visit. • The footings supporting the house are typically not visible and cannot be inspected. Only a small part of the foundation can be seen and inspected from outside the home. Finished or concealed portions of the interior of the foundation cannot be inspected.

Limitations: • Roof space - no access

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Descriptions

General: • The electrical system has been updated and includes a circuit breaker panel and ground fault protection.

General: • The electrical system size and distribution should prove adequate for typical lifestyles.

Service Size: • 200 amps (240 Volts)

Distribution Panel Type and Location:

Breakers - Basement



Breakers - Basement

Subpanel Type and Location:

- <u>Breakers</u>
- ...at the pool equipment.



Breakers

ELEC	ELECTRICAL Report No. 4783										
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Breakers - Garage



Breakers - Garage

Distribution Wire: • <u>Copper - metallic sheathed</u> • <u>Copper - non-metallic sheathed</u> Outlet Type & Number: • <u>Grounded - upgraded number</u> Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters: • <u>Bathroom(s)</u> • <u>Exterior</u>

Observations and Recommendations

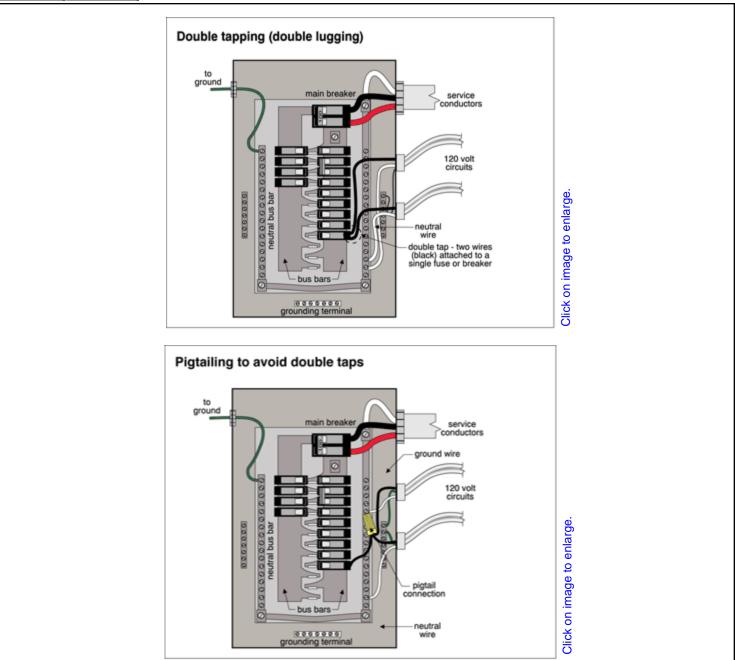
MAIN PANEL \ Breakers and Fuses Condition: • Double tap (two wires on one breaker or fuse)

Location: Various Task: Improve Time: If necessary Cost: Minor

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ELECTRICAL





Inspection Methods and Limitations

Limitations: • Main disconnect cover not removed - unsafe to do so. • Main disconnect cover not removed - unsafe to do so. • Concealed electrical components are not inspected. • The continuity and quality of the system ground are not verified as part of a home inspection. • The following low voltage systems are not included in a home inspection: intercom, alarm/security, doorbells, low voltage light control, central vacuum, telephone, television, Internet, and Smart Home wiring systems. • A professional home inspection includes the inspection of a representative sample of wiring, lights, receptacles, etc.

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Descriptions

Main Heating System - Type:

• Boiler (hot water)



Boiler (hot water): On-demand water heater

<u>Combination Heating System</u>

The on-demand water heater provides for domestic use & the radiant floor heating. This is a complex arrangement so it's prudent to get all the info/manuals, as well as contacts of people who can service it (ie. the people who installed it).



In closet on 2nd floor: for 2nd & 3rd floors.



Left side of basement: for the 1st floor.

Report No. 47873 S7 Highland Ave, Toronto, ON April 30, 2015 OVERVIEW ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTERIOR APPENDIX REFERENCE REFERENCE Vertice Vertice</





Expansion tank & circulation pumps

Going into basement slab

Efficiency: • High efficiency

Main Heating System - Fuel/Energy Source:

Natural gas



Large natural gas manifold

Approximate Input Capacity: • 100,000 BTU/hr
Typical Life Expectancy: • 15 to 20 years, if serviced annually...
Main Fuel Shut-off Location: • Gas Meter on exterior near front of the house
Heat Recovery Ventilator:

Independent system

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Independent system

Distribution ducts





HEATING

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Observations and Recommendations

General

• No Heating recommendations are offered as a result of this inspection.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Limitations: • Heat loss calculations are not performed as part of a home inspection. • Safety devices are not tested as part of a home inspection. • The heat exchanger is substantially concealed and could not be inspected. • Radiator and zone valves on a hot water heating system are not tested as part of a home inspection.

Limitations: • Circulating pump not tested

Environmental issues outside the scope of a home inspection: • Finding and identifying environmental issues such as asbestos is outside the scope of a home inspection. Asbestos may be present in many building products and materials. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070.

COOLING 57 Highland Ave, Toronto, ON April 30, 2015 OVERVIEW ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION APPENDIX REFERENCE	Report No. 47873 www.carsondunlop.com PLUMBING INTERIOR
Descriptions	
Air Conditioning Type: • <u>Ductless system</u> for the garage.	
Ductess system	
Independent system - air cooled	
Image: Additional and the system - air codedImage: Additional and the system - air codedImage: Additional and the system - air codedImage: Additional and the system - air coded	
Cooling Capacity: • <u>60,000 BTU/hr</u> Approximate Age (Outdoor Unit / Compressor): • <u>Less than 2 years</u> Typical Life Expectancy: • 10 to 15 years	

COOLING

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Observations and Recommendations

General

• No Cooling recommendations are offered as a result of this inspection.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Limitations: • Heat gain and heat loss calculations are not performed as part of a home inspection.

INSULATION

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Descriptions

Cathedral/sloped roof insulation - value & material:

Sprayed Foam





Sprayed Foam

Flat roof insulation - value & material: • Sprayed Foam Roof ventilation: • <u>None</u> Knee wall insulation - value & material: • Sprayed Foam

Masonry wall insulation - value & material: • Sprayed Foam

Basement wall insulation - value & material:

Sprayed Foam



Sprayed Foam

INSUL	ATION							Report	No. 47873
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Observations and Recommendations

<u>General</u>

• No Insulation recommendations are offered as a result of this inspection.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Limitations: • Concealed wall insulation is not inspected. • The continuity of air/vapour barriers and the performance of roof and attic ventilation are not verified as part of a home inspection.

Limitations: • Roof space - access not gained

Environmental issues outside the scope of a home inspection: • Finding and identifying environmental issues such as asbestos is outside the scope of a home inspection. Asbestos may be present in many building products and materials. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070. • Moisture problems may result in visible or concealed mold growth. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070.

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Descriptions

General: • All the bathrooms and kitchen have been redone to very high standards...

Water Piping to the Building:

• <u>Copper</u>





Supply Piping in the Building: • <u>Copper</u> • <u>PEX (cross-linked polyethylene)</u>

Main Shut-off Valve Location:

Front of basement



Front of basement

Water Flow / Pressure: • Typical for neighbourhood

Water Heater Type and Energy Source:

Combination System

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PLUMBING

57 Highland Ave, Toronto, ON April 30, 2015

STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION

ULATION PLUMBING

INTERIOR

OVERVIEW ROOFING EXTE

There is a large storage tank...

Typical Life Expectancy: • 15 to 20 years, if serviced annually...

Hot Water Circulation: • Circulating loop in place

Waste Piping Material:

- Cast iron
- Plastic





Plastic

• Not visible in some areas

Floor Drain Location: • Boiler room

Pump:

- <u>Sump pump</u>
- ...with backup battery.





PLUMBING

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COOLING INSULATION

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Observations and Recommendations

<u>General</u>

• No Plumbing recommendations are offered as a result of this inspection.

STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL

WASTE PIPING \ Observations

ROOFING

Condition: • A video inspection of the waste plumbing is recommended to determine whether there are tree roots, other obstructions, or damaged pipe. This is common on older properties, especially when mature trees are nearby. This is a great precautionary measure and can help prevent a sewage backup, although many homeowners wait until there are problems with the drains. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Limitations: • Steam unit not tested...

Limitations: • Concealed plumbing is not inspected. This includes supply and waste piping under floors and under the yard.

Limitations: • Isolating valves, relief valves and main shut-off valves are not tested as part of a home inspection.

Limitations: • Tub and basin overflows are not tested as part of a home inspection. Leakage at the overflows is a common problem.

Limitations: • Swimming pools, spas, fountains, ponds and other water features are not included as part of a home inspection.







Pump and filter

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Environmental issues outside the scope of a home inspection: • Moisture problems may result in visible or concealed mold growth. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070.

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INTERIOR

INTERIOR 57 Highland Ave, Toronto, ON April 30, 2015

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APPENDIX REFERENCE

Descriptions

General: • Interior finishes are in good repair overall.

General: • Interior finishes are high quality for the most part.

General: • The newer windows help improve comfort and energy efficiency.

Fireplaces and Stoves: • <u>Fireplace – gas - factory built</u> • <u>Fireplace – gas - logs</u> • <u>Fireplace – wood burning - masonry</u> firebox

Observations and Recommendations

<u>General</u>

• Typical minor flaws were noted on floors, walls and ceilings. These cosmetic issues reflect normal wear and tear.

FIREPLACE / STOVE \ Observations

Condition: • A specialist should be engaged to inspect the gas fireplace prior to using the appliance. There are many manufacturers and many models of these units, with many different installation rules.

We also recommend the gas fireplace be covered under a maintenance contract that includes regular service.

Task: Further evaluation

Time: As required

WHAT TO DO IF YOUR BASEMENT OR CRAWLSPACE LEAKS \ Observations

Condition: • Almost every basement (and crawlspace) leaks under the right conditions. Based on a one-time visit, it's impossible to know how often or severe leaks may be. While we look for evidence of past leakage during our inspection, this is often not a good indicator of current conditions. Exterior conditions such as poorly performing gutters and downspouts, and ground sloping down toward the house often cause basement leakage problems. Please read Section 10.0 in the Interior section of the Home Reference Book before taking any action.

To summarize, wet basement issues can be addressed in 4 steps:

1. First, ensure gutters and downspouts carry roof run-off away from the home. (relatively low cost)

2. If problems persist, slope the ground (including walks, patios and driveways) to direct water away from the home. (Low cost if done by homeowner. Higher cost if done by contractor or if driveways, patios and expensive landscaping are disturbed.)

3. If the problem is not resolved and the foundation is poured concrete, seal any leaking cracks and form-tie holes from the inside. (A typical cost is \$300 to \$600 per crack or hole.)

4. As a last resort, dampproof the exterior of the foundation, provide a drainage membrane and add/repair perimeter drainage tile. (High cost)

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Inspection Methods and Limitations

Limitations: • Security systems, intercoms, central vacuum systems, chimney flues and elevators are not included as part of a home inspection. Smoke detectors and carbon monoxide detectors are not tested as part of a home inspection. • Limited access to cabinets and closets • Perimeter drainage tile around foundations is not visible and is not included as part of a home inspection. • Basement leakage frequency or severity cannot be predicted during a home inspection • No comment is made on cosmetic finishes during a home inspection.

Limitations: • Basement finishes restricted the inspection • Storage/furnishings in some areas limited inspection

% of interior foundation wall not visible: • 99

Environmental issues outside the scope of a home inspection: • Finding and identifying environmental issues such as asbestos is outside the scope of a home inspection. Asbestos may be present in many building products and materials. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070. • Moisture problems may result in visible or concealed mold growth. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070. • Moisture problems may result in visible or concealed mold growth. An Environmental Consultant can assist if this is a concern. This Specialty Service can be booked through Carson Dunlop at 1-800-268-7070.

END OF REPORT

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GOOD ADVICE FOR ALL HOMEOWNERS

The following items explain how to prevent and correct some common problems around the house.

Roof Leaks

Roofs may leak at any time. Leaks often appear at roof penetrations, flashings, changes in direction or changes in material. A roof leak should be addressed promptly to avoid damage to the structure, interior finishes and furnishings. A roof leak does not necessarily mean the roof has to be replaced.

Annual Roof Maintenance

We recommend an annual inspection and tune-up to minimize the risk of leakage and to maximize the life of the roof.

Ice Dams on Roofs

Most roofs are susceptible to ice dams under the right weather conditions. This is where ice forms at the lower edge of the sloped roof, causing melting water from above to back up under the shingles. We cannot predict which roofs will suffer the most damage under adverse weather. For information on prevention and cure, please see section 1.14.2 of the Roofing section of the Home Reference Book. This can be found under the Reference tab in this report.

Maintaining the Exterior of Your Home

Regular maintenance includes painting and caulking of all exterior wood. Caulking should also be well maintained at joints, intersections, wall penetrations and any other places water may get into the building.

Heating and Cooling System - Annual Maintenance

An annual maintenance agreement that covers parts and labour is recommended for all heating and cooling equipment. Humidifiers and electronic air cleaners should be included in the service agreement. The first service visit should be arranged as soon as possible, preferably before equipment is used.

Filters for furnaces and air conditioners should be checked monthly during the operating season and changed or cleaned as needed. Duct systems should be balanced during regular servicing for maximum comfort. Systems with heating and air conditioning are balanced differently for summer and winter.

For boiler/hot water systems, we recommend that any balancing or adjusting the radiator valves be performed by a specialist, due to the risk of leakage. Heating system valves are not operated during a home inspection.

Gas fireplaces and heaters should be included in annual service plans.

Fireplace and Wood Stove Maintenance

Wood-burning appliances and their chimneys should be inspected and cleaned **before you use them** the first time, and annually thereafter. We recommend specialists with WETT (Wood Energy Technology Transfer, Inc.) designations for this kind of work.

Electrical System - Label the Panel

The electrical panel should be labeled to indicate what is controlled by each fuse or breaker. Where the panel is already labeled, please verify the labeling is correct. Do not rely on the labeling being accurate.

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Water Heaters

REFERENCE

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Tankless water heaters should be flushed by a heating or plumbing contractor every year to avoid poor performance and shortened life expectancy.

Bathtub and Shower Maintenance

Caulking and grout in bathtubs and showers should be checked every six months and improved as necessary to prevent leakage and damage behind wall surfaces.

Basement/CrawIspace Leakage

Almost every basement (and crawlspace) leaks under the right conditions. Click for more information. For information on prevention and cure, please see section 10 of the Interior section of the Home Reference Book. This can be found under the REFERENCE tab in this report.

Washing Machine Hoses

We suggest braided steel hoses rather than rubber hoses for connecting washing machines to supply piping in the home. A ruptured hose can result in serious water damage in a short time, especially if the laundry area is in or above a finished area of the home.

Clothes Dryer Vents

We recommend vents for clothes dryers discharge outside the home. The vent material should be smooth walled (not corrugated) metal, and the run should be as short and straight as practical. This reduces drying time, energy consumption and cost; and minimizes the risk of a lint fire inside the vent.

Smoke and Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detectors

Smoke and carbon monoxide detectors should be provided at every floor level of every home, including basements and crawl spaces. (Even if they are present during the inspection, we recommend replacing detectors.) Smoke detectors should be close to sleeping areas, and carbon monoxide detectors should be in any room with a wood-burning stove or fireplace. These devices are not tested as part of a home inspection. Once you take possession of the home, detectors should be tested regularly, and replaced every 10 years. If unsure of the age of a smoke detector, it should be replaced. Smoke detector batteries should be replaced annually.

Priority Maintenance and Home Set-Up

When moving into a resale home, there are some things that you will want to take care of. The Home Set-Up and Maintenance section in the Home Reference Book will provide you with information regarding both things that are done just once as well as regular maintenance activities. This can be found under the REFERENCE tab in this report.

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	R STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL	HEATING	COOLING INSULATION	N PLUMBING INTERIOR
APPENDIX REFERENCE				
	This is a copy of our home insp			
	the terms, limitations and condi	itions of the ho	me inspection.	
THIS C	ONTRACT LIMITS THE LIABILITY O	F THE HOME	INSPECTION COMPANY.	
	PLEASE READ CAREFUL			
The inspection is performed in Inspectors.	n accordance with the STANDARI	DS OF PRACTIO	CE of the Ontario Associat	ion of Home
To review the STANDARDS OF	PRACTICE, visit <u>www.oahi.com/v</u>	webdocs/Star	ndardsofPractice-OAHI-Re	<u>v.pdf</u>
The Home Inspector's report i readily accessible features of	is an opinion of the present cond the building.	ition of the pr	operty, based on a visual	examination of the
In addition to the limitations i set out in this Agreement.	in the STANDARDS, the Inspection	n of this prope	erty is subject to Limitatio	ns and Conditions
LIMITATIONS AND CONDITION	NS OF THE HOME INSPECTION			
	cope of this Inspection. It provide	-		
	to be an exhaustive list. The ultin certain conditions require repair			-
nomeowner may decide that			nt, while another will not	
1) THE INSPECTION IS NOT TE	CHNICALLY EXHAUSTIVE.			
	s you with a basic overview of the			
has only a limited amount of t	time to go through the property,	the Inspection	n is not technically exhaus	stive.
	as foundation cracks or other sig that is beyond the scope of the H	-	-	cosmetic or may
information than a Home Insp	-depth, technically-exhaustive ins pection. We have both services av pection instead of a Technical Auc	vailable. By sig		
-	ny conditions noted in the Home or or Consulting Engineer. These p rt at an additional cost.	-		
2) THE INSPECTION IS AN OPI	NION OF THE PRESENT CONDITIO	N OF THE VIS	IBLE COMPONENTS.	
The Home Inspector's Report the readily accessible features	is an opinion of the present cond s of the building.	lition of the p	roperty. It is based on a vi	isual examination of
	nclude identifying defects that ar ture, plumbing and insulation tha			s. This includes

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Some intermittent problems may not be obvious on a Home Inspection because they only happen under certain circumstances. As an example, your Home Inspector may not discover leaks that occur only during certain weather conditions or when a specific tap or appliance is being used in everyday life.

Home Inspectors will not find conditions that may only be visible when storage or furniture is moved. They do not remove wall coverings (including wallpaper) or lift flooring (including carpet) or move storage or furniture to look underneath or behind.

3) THIS IS NOT A CODE-COMPLIANCE INSPECTION

The Inspector does NOT try to determine whether or not any aspect of the property complies with any past, present or future codes (such as building codes, electrical codes, fuel codes, fire codes, etc.), regulations, laws, by-laws, ordinances or other regulatory requirements.

4) THE INSPECTION DOES NOT INCLUDE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.

This includes building materials that are now suspected of posing a risk to health such as phenol-formaldehyde and ureaformaldehyde based insulation, fiberglass insulation and vermiculite insulation. The Inspector does not identify asbestos roofing, siding, wall, ceiling or floor finishes, insulation or fire proofing. We do not look for lead or other toxic metals in such things as pipes, paint or window coverings.

The Inspection does not deal with environmental hazards such as the past use of insecticides, fungicides, herbicides or pesticides. The Home Inspector does not look for, or comment on, the past use of chemical termite treatments in or around the property.

5) WE DO NOT COMMENT ON THE QUALITY OF AIR IN A BUILDING.

The Inspector does not try to determine if there are irritants, pollutants, contaminants, or toxic materials in or around the building.

The Inspection does not include spores, fungus, mold or mildew that may be present. You should note that whenever there is water damage noted in the report, there is a possibility that mold or mildew may be present, unseen behind a wall, floor or ceiling.

If anyone in your home suffers from allergies or heightened sensitivity to quality of air, we strongly recommend that you consult a qualified Environmental Consultant who can test for toxic materials, mold and allergens at additional cost.

6) WE DON'T LOOK FOR BURIED TANKS.

Your Home Inspector does not look for and is not responsible for fuel oil, septic or gasoline tanks that may be buried on the property. If the building had its heating system converted from oil, there will always be the possibility that a tank may remain buried on the property. If fuel oil or other storage tanks remain on the property, you may be responsible for their removal and the safe disposal of any contaminated soil. If you suspect there is a buried tank, we strongly recommend that you retain a qualified Environmental Consultant to determine whether this is a potential problem.

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7) TIME TO INVESTIGATE

The Home Inspector and the Home Inspection Company will have no liability for any claim or complaint if conditions have been disturbed, altered, repaired, replaced or otherwise changed before we have had a reasonable period of time to investigate.

8) REPORT IS FOR OUR CLIENT ONLY

The inspection report is for the exclusive use of the client named herein. No use of the information by any other party is intended.

9) CANCELLATION FEE

If the inspection is cancelled within 24 hours of the appointment time, a cancellation fee of 50% of the fee will apply.

10) NOT A GUARANTEE, WARRANTY OR INSURANCE POLICY.

The inspection and report are not a guarantee, warranty or an insurance policy with regard to the fitness of the property. A home warranty is available. For more information, visit www.carsondunlop.com/home-inspection/home-warranty-plan/

11) LIMIT OF LIABILITY

THE LIABILITY OF THE HOME INSPECTOR AND THE HOME INSPECTION COMPANY ARISING OUT OF THIS INSPECTION AND REPORT, FOR ANY CAUSE OF ACTION WHATSOEVER, WHETHER IN CONTRACT OR IN NEGLIGENCE, IS LIMITED TO A REFUND OF THE FEES THAT YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED FOR THIS INSPECTION, OR \$1,000, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

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Canadian Association Of Home & Property Inspectors

2012 NATIONAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

The National Standards of Practice are a set of guidelines for home and property inspectors to follow in the performance of their inspections. They are the most widely accepted Canadian home inspection guidelines in use, and address all the home's major systems and components. The National Standards of Practice and Code of Ethics are recognized by many related professionals as the definitive Standards for professional performance in the industry.

These National Standards of Practice are being published to inform the public on the nature and scope of visual building inspections performed by home and property inspectors who are members of the Canadian Association of Home and Property Inspectors (CAHPI).

The purpose of the National Standards of Practice is to provide guidelines for home and property inspectors regarding both the inspection itself and the drafting of the inspection report, and to define certain terms relating to the performance of home inspections to ensure consistent interpretation.

To ensure better public protection, home and property inspectors who are members of CAHPI should strive to meet these Standards and abide by the appropriate provincial/regional CAHPI Code of Ethics.

These Standards take into account that a visual inspection of a building does not constitute an evaluation or a verification of compliance with building codes, Standards or regulations governing the construction industry or the health and safety industry, or Standards and regulations governing insurability.

Any terms not defined in these Standards shall have the meaning commonly assigned to it by the various trades and professions, according to context.

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- 14. Mechanical and Natural Ventilation Systems

Glossary Note: Italicized words are defined in the Glossary.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Canadian Association of Home and Property Inspectors (CAHPI) is a not-for-profit association whose members include the following seven provincial/regional organizations: CAHPI-British Columbia., CAHPI-Alberta, CAHPI-Saskatchewan, CAHPI-Manitoba, OAHI (Ontario), AIBO (Ouebec), and CAHPI-Atlantic. CAHPI strives to promote excellence within the profession and continual improvement of inspection services to the public.

2. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

2.1 The purpose of these National Standards of Practice is to establish professional and uniform Standards for private, fee-paid home inspectors who are members of one of the provincial/regional organizations of CAHPI. Home Inspections performed to these National Standards of Practice are intended to provide information regarding the condition of the systems and components of the building as inspected at the time of the Home Inspections. This does NOT include building code inspections.

These National Standards of Practice enable the building being inspected to be compared with a building that was constructed in accordance with the generally accepted practices at the time of construction, and which has been adequately maintained such that there is no significant loss of *functionality*.

It follows that the building may not be in compliance with current building codes, standards and regulations that are applicable at the time of inspection. These National Standards of Practice apply to inspections of part or all of a building for the following building types:

- single-family dwelling, detached, semidetached or row house
- multi unit residential building
- residential building held in divided or undivided co ownership
- residential building occupied in part for a residential occupancy and in part for a commercial occupancy, as long as the latter use does not exceed 40% of the building's total area, excluding the basement.

2.2 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

1. *readily accessible*, visually observable *installed systems*, and *components* of buildings listed in these National Standards of Practice.

B. report:

- 1. on those systems and components installed on the building inspected which, in the professional opinion or judgement of the *inspector*, *have a significant deficiency* or are unsafe or are near the end of their *service lives*.
- 2. a reason why, if not self-evident, the system or component has a significant deficiency or is unsafe or is near the end of its service life.
- 3. the inspector's recommendations to correct or monitor the reported deficiency.
- 4. on any systems and components designated for inspection in these National Standards of Practice which were present at the time of the Home Inspection but were not inspected and a reason they were not inspected.
- **2.3** These National Standards of Practice are not intended to limit inspectors from:
 - **A.** including other inspection services in addition to those required by these National Standards of Practice provided the *inspector* is appropriately qualified and willing to do so.
 - **B.** excluding *systems* and *components* from the inspection if requested by the client or as dictated by circumstances at the time of the inspection.

3. GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

3.1 GENERAL LIMITATIONS:

- **A.** Inspections performed in accordance with these National Standards of Practice
- 1. are not technically exhaustive.
- $\ensuremath{\text{2.\,will}}$ not identify concealed conditions or latent defects.

3.2 GENERAL EXCLUSIONS:

- **A.** The *inspector* is not required to perform any action or make any determination unless specifically stated in these National Standards of Practice, except as may be required by lawful authority.
- B. Inspectors are NOT required to determine:
- 1. condition of *systems* or *components* which are not *readily accessible*.
- 2. remaining life of any system or component.
- 3. strength, adequacy, effectiveness, or efficiency of any *system* or *component*.
- 4. causes of any condition or deficiency.
- 5. methods, materials, or costs of corrections.
- 6. future conditions including, but not limited to, failure of *systems* and *components*.
- 7. suitability of the property for any use.
- 8. compliance with regulatory requirements (codes, regulations, laws, ordinances, etc.).
- 9. market value of the property or its marketability.
- 10.advisability of the purchase of the property.
- 11.presence of potentially hazardous plants, animals or insects including, but not limited to wood destroying organisms, diseases or organisms harmful to humans.
- 12.presence of any environmental hazards including, but not limited to toxins, carcinogens, noise, and contaminants in soil, water, and air.
- 13.effectiveness of any *system* installed or methods utilized to control or remove suspected hazardous substances.
- 14.operating costs of systems or components.
- 15.acoustical properties of any system or component
- 16.design adequacy with regards to location of the home, or the elements to which it is exposed.
- C. Inspectors are NOT required to offer or perform:
- 1. any act or service contrary to law, statute or regulation.
- 2. engineering, architectural and technical services.
- 3. work in any trade or any professional service other than *home inspection*.
- 4. warranties or guarantees of any kind.
- **D.** *Inspectors* are NOT required to operate:
- 1. any *system* or *component* which is *shut down* or otherwise inoperable.
- 2. any system or component which does not respond to normal operating controls.
- 3. shut-off valves.

E. *Inspectors* are NOT required to enter:

 any area which will, in the opinion of the inspector, likely be hazardous to the inspector or other persons or damage the property or its systems or components.

- 2. confined spaces.
- 3. spaces which are not readily accessible.
- F. Inspectors are NOT required to inspect:
- 1. underground items including, but not limited to storage tanks or other indications of their presence, whether abandoned or active.
- 2. systems or components which are not installed.
- 3. decorative items.
- 4. *systems* or *components* located in areas that are not readily accessible in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.
- 5. detached structures.
- common elements or common areas in multiunit housing, such as condominium properties or cooperative housing when inspecting an individual unit(s), including the roof and building envelope.
- test and/or operate any installed fire alarm system, burglar alarm system, automatic sprinkler system or other fire protection equipment, electronic or automated installations, telephone, intercom, cable/internet systems and any lifting equipment, elevator, freight elevator, wheelchair lift, climbing chair, escalator or others;
- 8. pools, spas and their associated safety devices, including fences.
- G. Inspectors are NOT required to:
- perform any procedure or operation which will, in the opinion of the *inspector*, likely be hazardous to the *inspector* or other persons or damage the property or it's systems or components.
- 2. move suspended ceiling tiles, personal property, furniture, equipment, plants, soil, snow, ice, or debris.
- 3. *dismantle* any *system* or *component*, except as explicitly required by these National Standards of Practice.

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	4. STRUCT	URAL SYS	TEMS		5.2 THE IN	SPECTOR IS N	IOT REQUIRED	D TO:	

4.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. *structural components* including visible foundation and framing.
- 2. by *probing* a sample of structural components where deterioration is suspected or where clear indications of possible deterioration exist. *Probing* is NOT required when *probing* would damage any finished surface or where no deterioration is visible.

B. describe:

- 1. foundation(s).
- 2. floor structure(s).
- 3. wall structure(s).
- 4. ceiling structure(s).
- 5. roof structure(s).

C. report:

- 1. on conditions limiting access to structural components.
- 2. methods used to *inspect* the *under-floor crawl space*
- 3. methods used to *inspect* the attic(s).

4.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

- **A.** provide any *engineering service* or *architectural service*.
- **B.** offer an opinion as to the adequacy of any *structural system* or *component*.

5. EXTERIOR SYSTEMS

5.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. exterior wall covering(s), flashing and trim.
- 2. all exterior doors.
- 3. attached or *adjacent* decks, balconies, steps, porches, and their associated railings.
- 4. eaves, soffits, and fascias where accessible from the ground level.
- 5. vegetation, grading, and surface drainage on the property when any of these are likely to adversely affect the building.
- 6. walkways, patios, and driveways leading to dwelling entrances.
- 7. landscaping structure attached or adjacent to the building when likely to adversely affect the building.
- 8. attached garage or carport.
- 9. garage doors and garage door operators for attached garages.

B. describe

- 1. exterior wall covering(s).
- C. report:
 - 1. the method(s) used to inspect the exterior wall elevations.

5.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. inspect:

- 1. screening, shutters, awnings, and similar seasonal accessories.
- 2. fences.
- 3. geological, geotechnical or hydrological conditions.
- 4. recreational facilities.
- 5. detached garages and outbuildings.
- 6. seawalls, break-walls, dykes and docks.
- 7. erosion control and earth stabilization measures.

6. ROOF SYSTEMS

6.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. readily accessible roof coverings.
- 2. readily accessible roof drainage systems.
- 3. *readily accessible* flashings.
- 4. *readily accessible* skylights, chimneys, and roof penetrations.

B. describe

- 1. roof coverings.
- C. report:
 - 1. method(s) used to inspect the roof(s).

6.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect:

- $1. \ antennae \ and \ satellite \ dishes.$
- 2. interiors of flues or chimneys.
- 3. other *installed* items attached to but not related to the roof system(s).

7. PLUMBING SYSTEMS

7.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. interior water supply and distribution *systems* including all fixtures and faucets.
- 2. drain, waste and vent *systems* including all fixtures.
- 3. water heating equipment and associated venting systems.
- 4. water heating equipment fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.
- 5. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.
- 6. drainage sumps, sump pumps, and related
- piping.

B. describe:

- 1. water supply, distribution, drain, waste, and vent piping materials.
- 2. water heating equipment including the energy source.
- 3. location of main water and main fuel shut-off valves.

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7.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:	5. telecommunication equipment.
 A. inspect: 1. clothes washing machine connections. 2. wells, well pumps, or water storage related equipment. 	B. measure: 1. amperage, voltage, or impedance.
 water conditioning systems. solar water heating systems. 	9. HEATING SYSTEMS
 fire and lawn sprinkler systems. private waste disposal systems. 	9.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL: A. inspect:
B. determine: 1. whether water supply and waste disposal <i>systems</i> are public or private.	 readily accessible components of installed heating equipment. vent systems, flues, and chimneys.
 the quantity or quality of the water supply. C. operate: 	3. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.B. describe:
1. safety valves or shut-off valves.	 energy source(s). heating method(s) by distinguishing characteristics.
8. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	 chimney(s) and/or venting material(s). combustion air sources.
8.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL: A. inspect: 1. service drop.	 exhaust venting methods (naturally aspiring, induced draft, direct vent, direct vent sealed combustion).
 service entrance conductors, cables, and raceways. 	9.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:
 3. service equipment and main disconnects. 4. service grounding. 5. interior components of service panels and sub 	A. inspect: 1. interiors of flues or chimneys.
panels. 6. distribution conductors.	 heat exchangers. auxiliary equipment. electronic air filters.
 7. overcurrent protection devices. 8. a representative number of installed lighting 	5. solar heating systems.
fixtures, switches, and receptacles. 9. ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCI) (if appropriate). 10.arc fault circuit interrupters (AFCI) (if	B. determine: 1. system adequacy or distribution balance.
appropriate). B. describe:	10. FIREPLACES AND SOLID FUEL BURNING APPLIANCES
 amperage and voltage rating of the service. location of main disconnect(s) and subpanel(s). 	(Unless prohibited by the authority having jurisdiction)
 3. wiring methods. C. report: presence of solid conductor aluminum branch 	10.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL: A. inspect:
 circuit wiring. absence of carbon monoxide detectors (if appli- 	 system components vent systems and chimneys describe:
cable). 3. absence of smoke detectors. 4. presence of ground fault circuit interrupters	1. fireplaces and solid fuel burning appliances 2. chimneys
(GFCI). 5. presence of arc fault circuit interrupters (AFCI).	10.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. inspect: 1. interior of flues or chimneys
8.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. inspect:	2. screens, doors and dampers 3. seals and gaskets 4. automatic fuel feed devices
 remote control devices unless the device is the only control device. alarm systems and comparents. 	5. heat distribution assists whether fan assisted or gravity
 alarm systems and components. low voltage wiring, systems and components. 	B. ignite or extinguish firesC. determine draught characteristics
 ancillary wiring, systems and components not a part of the primary electrical power distribution system. 	D. move fireplace inserts, stoves, or firebox contents

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system.

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INSULATION

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PLUMBING

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11. AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS

11.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

- A. inspect
 - 1. permanently *installed* central air conditioning equipment.

B. describe:

- 1. energy source.
- 2. cooling method by its distinguishing characteristics.

11.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect

- 1. electronic air filters.
- 2. portable air conditioner(s).

B. determine:

1. system adequacy or distribution balance.

12. INTERIOR SYSTEMS

12.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. walls, ceilings, and floors.
- 2. steps, stairways, and railings.
- 3. a *representative number* of countertops and *installed* cabinets.
- 4. a *representative number* of doors and windows.
- 5. walls, doors and ceilings separating the
- habitable spaces and the garage.

B. describe:

- 1. materials used for walls, ceilings and floors.
- 2. doors.
- 3. windows.

C. report

1. absence or ineffectiveness of guards and handrails or other potential physical injury hazards.

12.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect:

- 1. *decorative* finishes.
- 2. window treatments.
- 3. central vacuum systems.
- 4. household appliances.
- 5. recreational facilities.

13. INSULATION AND VAPOUR BARRIERS

13.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. insulation and *vapour barriers* in unfinished spaces.
- **B. describe:**
 - 1. type of insulation material(s) and *vapour* barriers in unfinished spaces.

C. report

- 1. absence of insulation in unfinished spaces within the building envelope.
- 2. presence of vermiculite insulation

13.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

COOLING

A. disturb

- 1. insulation.
- 2. vapour barriers.
- **B. obtain sample(s) for analysis** 1. insulation material(s).
 - 1. Insulation material(s).

14. MECHANICAL AND NATURAL VENTILATION SYSTEMS

14.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. ventilation of attics and foundation areas.
- 2. mechanical ventilation systems.
- ventilation systems in areas where moisture is generated such as kitchen, bathrooms, laundry rooms.

B. describe:

- 1. ventilation of attics and foundation areas.
- 2. mechanical ventilation systems.
- 3. ventilation systems in areas where moisture is generated such as: kitchens, bathrooms and laundry rooms.

C. report:

1. absence of ventilation in areas where moisture is generated such as: kitchens, bathrooms and laundry rooms.

14.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

- 1. determine indoor air quality.
- 2. determine system adequacy or distribution balance.

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GLOSSARY

Adjacent

Nearest in space or position; immediately adjoining without intervening space.

Alarm Systems

Warning devices, installed or free-standing, including but not limited to; carbon monoxide detectors, flue gas and other spillage detectors, security equipment, ejector pumps and smoke alarms.

Architectural Service

Any practice involving the art and science of building design for construction of any structure or grouping of structures and the use of space within and surrounding the structures or the design for construction, including but not specifically limited to, schematic design, design development, preparation of construction contract documents, and administration of the construction contract, adequacy of design for the location and exposure to the elements.

Automatic Safety Controls

Devices designed and installed to protect *systems* and *components* from unsafe conditions.

Component

A part of a system.

Confined Spaces

An enclosed or partially enclosed area that: 1. Is occupied by people only for the purpose of completing work.

2. Has restricted entry/exit points.

3. Could be hazardous to people entering due to:

a. its design, construction, location or atmosphere. b. the materials or substances in it, or

b. the materials of substances in it, of

c. any other conditions which prevent normal inspection procedure.

Decorative

Ornamental; not required for the operation of the essential *systems* and *components* of a building.

Describe

To *report* a *system* or *component* by its type or other observed, significant characteristics to distinguish it from other *systems* or *components*.

Determine

To find out, or come to a conclusion by investigation.

Dismantle

To take apart or remove any component, device, or piece of equipment that would not be taken apart or removed by a homeowner in the course of normal and routine home owner maintenance.

Engineering Service

Any professional service or creative work requiring engineering education, training, and experience and the application of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical and engineering sciences to such professional service or creative work as consultation, investigation, evaluation, planning, design and supervision of construction for the purpose of assuring compliance with the specifications and design, in conjunction with structures, buildings, machines, equipment, works or processes.

Functionality

The purpose that something is designed or expected to fulfill.

Further Evaluation

Examination and analysis by a qualified professional, tradesman or service technician beyond that provided by the *home inspection*.

Home Inspection

The process by which an *inspector* visually examines the *readily accessible systems* and *components* of a building and which *describes* those *systems* and *components* in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.

Household Appliances

Kitchen, laundry, and similar appliances, whether *installed* or freestanding.

Inspect

To examine *readily accessible systems* and *components* of a building in accordance with these National Standards of Practice, *where applicable* using *normal operating controls* and opening *readily openable access panels*.

Inspector

A person hired to examine any *system* or *component* of a building in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.

Installed

Set up or fixed in position for current use or service.

Monitor

Examine at regular intervals to detect evidence of change.

Normal Operating Controls

Devices such as thermostats, switches or valves intended to be operated by the homeowner.

Operate

To cause to function, turn on, to control the function of a machine, process, or system.

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OVERVIEW	ROOFING	EXTERIOR	STRUCTURE	ELECTRICAL	HEATING	COOLING	INSULATION	PLUMBING	INTERIOR

Probing

APPENDIX

REFERENCE

Examine by touch.

Readily Accessible

Available for visual inspection without requiring moving of personal property, *dismantling*, destructive measures, or any action which will likely involve risk to persons or property.

Readily Openable Access Panel

A panel provided for homeowner inspection and maintenance that is within normal reach, can be removed by one person, and is not sealed in place.

Recreational Facilities

Spas, saunas, steam baths, swimming pools, exercise, entertainment, athletic, playground or other similar equipment and associated accessories.

Report

To communicate in writing.

Representative Number

One *component* per room for multiple similar interior *components* such as windows and electric outlets; one *component* on each side of the building for multiple similar exterior *components*.

Roof Drainage Systems

Components used to carry water off a roof and away from a building.

Sample

A representative portion selected for inspection.

Service Life/Lives

The period during which something continues to function fully as intended.

Significant Deficiency

A clearly definable hazard or a clearly definable potential for failure or is unsafe or not functioning.

Shut Down

A state in which a *system* or *component* cannot be operated by *normal operating controls*.

Solid Fuel Burning Appliances

A hearth and fire chamber or similar prepared place in which a fire may be built and which is built in conjunction with a chimney; or a listed assembly of a fire chamber, its chimney and related factory-made parts designed for unit assembly without requiring field construction.

Structural Component

A component that supports non-variable forces or weights (dead loads) and variable forces or weights (live loads).

System

A combination of interacting or interdependent components, assembled to carry out one or more functions.

Technically Exhaustive

An inspection is technically exhaustive when it is done by a specialist who may make extensive use of measurements, instruments, testing, calculations, and other means to develop scientific or engineering findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

Under-floor Crawl Space

The area within the confines of the foundation and between the ground and the underside of the floor.

Unsafe

A condition in a *readily accessible, installed system* or *component* which is judged to be a significant risk of personal injury during normal, day-to-day use. The risk may be due to damage, deterioration, missing or improper installation or a change in accepted residential construction Standards.

Vapour Barrier

Material used in the building envelope to retard the passage of water vapour or moisture.

Visually Accessible

Able to be viewed by reaching or entering.

Wiring Methods

Identification of electrical conductors or wires by their general type, such as "non-metallic sheathed cable" ("Romex"), "armored cable" ("bx") or "knob and tube", etc.

Note - In these National Standards of Practice, redundancy in the description of the requirements, limitations and exclusions regarding the scope of the Home Inspection is provided for clarity not emphasis.

(CAHPI acknowledges The American Society of Home Inspectors®, Inc. (ASHI®) for the use of their Standards of Practice (version January 1, 2000)

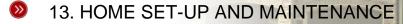
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Report No. 47873 REFERENCE LIBRARY www.carsondunlop.com 57 Highland Ave, Toronto, ON April 30, 2015 ROOFING STRUCTURE COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING APPENDIX REFERENCE The links below connect you to a series of documents that will help you understand your home and how it works. These are in addition to links attached to specific items in the report. Click on any link to read about that system. 01. ROOFING, FLASHINGS AND CHIMNEYS (\gg) 02. EXTERIOR (>>) (\gg) 03. STRUCTURE 04. ELECTRICAL (\mathcal{S}) 05. HEATING (>>) (\gg) 06. COOLING/HEAT PUMPS (\gg) 07. INSULATION (>>)08. PLUMBING (\gg) 09. INTERIOR (\gg) **10. APPLIANCES 11. LIFE CYCLES AND COSTS** >>> **12. SUPPLEMENTARY** Asbestos Radon Urea Formaldehyde Foam Insulation (UFFI) Lead Carbon Monoxide

Mold

Household Pests

Termites and Carpenter Ants



14. MORE ABOUT HOME INSPECTIONS