#### BYLAWS

### Preamble

These bylaws bind the strata corporation and the owners, tenants and occupants to the same extent as if the bylaws had been signed by the strata corporation and each owner, tenant and occupant and contained covenants on the part of the strata corporation with each owner, tenant and occupant and on the part of each owner, tenant and occupant with every other owner, tenant and occupant and with the strata corporation to observe and perform their provisions.

Unless otherwise stated, all terms have the meanings prescribed in the Strata Property Act, S.B.C. 1998, c. 43 (the "Act"). For the purposes of these bylaws, "residents" means collectively, owners, tenants and occupants and "a resident" means collectively, an owner, a tenant and an occupant.

## Duties of Owners, Tenants, Occupants and Visitors

- 1. Compliance with bylaws and rules
- 1.1 All residents and visitors must comply strictly with the bylaws and rules of the strata corporation adopted from time to time.
- 2. Payment of strata fees and special levies
- 2.1 An owner must pay strata fees on or before the first day of the month to which the strata fees relate.
- 2.2 Where an owner fails to pay strata fees in accordance with bylaw 2.1, outstanding strata fees will be subject to an interest charge of 10% per annum, compounded annually. In addition to interest, failure to pay strata fees within the third business day of the due date will result in a fine of \$50.00 for each contravention. Such penalty shall become part of the next month's assessment and payable on the first day of the month following.
- 2.3 An owner may provide the strata corporation or its agent with twelve (12) consecutive, monthly post-dated cheques for strata fees for the fiscal year of the strata corporation, dated as of the first day of each month or, if applicable, written authorization for monthly automatic debit from the owner's bank account.
- 2.4 A special levy is due and payable on the date or dates noted in the resolution authorizing the special levy.
- 2.5 Failure to pay a special levy on the due date will result in a fine of \$50.00 for each contravention of bylaw 2.4.
- 2.6 Where an owner fails to pay a special levy in accordance with bylaw 2.4, outstanding special levies will be subject to an interest charge of 10% per annum, compounded annually.

2.7 Once arrears aggregate two months, a lien (as provided by section 116 of the Act) shall, at the owner's expense be placed on the strata lot of the owner in arrears, for the total monies due, including reasonable costs as provided by section 118 of the Act.

## 3. Repair and maintenance of property by owner

- 3.1 An owner must repair and maintain the owner's strata lot, except for repair and maintenance that is the responsibility of the strata corporation under these bylaws.
- 3.2 An owner who has the use of limited common property must repair and maintain it, except for repair and maintenance that is the responsibility of the strata corporation under these bylaws.

## 4. Use of property

- 4.1 A resident or visitor must not use a strata lot, the common property or common assets in a way, in the opinion of the strata council, that
  - (a) causes a nuisance or hazard to another person,
  - (b) causes unreasonable noise,
  - (c) unreasonably interferes with the rights of other persons to use and enjoy the common property, common assets or another strata lot,
  - (d) is illegal, or
  - (e) is contrary to a purpose for which the strata lot or common property is intended as shown expressly or by necessary implication on or by the strata plan.
- 4.2 A resident or visitor must not cause damage, other than reasonable wear and tear, to the common property, common assets or those parts of a strata lot which the strata corporation must repair and maintain under these bylaws or insure under section 149 of the Act.
- 4.3 An owner is responsible for any damage caused by occupants, tenants or visitors to the owner's strata lot.
- 4.4 An owner shall indemnify and save harmless the strata corporation from the expense of any maintenance, repair or replacement rendered necessary to the common property, limited common property, common assets or to any strata lot by the owner's act, omission, negligence or carelessness or by that of an owner's visitors, occupants, guests, employees, agents, tenants or a member of the owner's family, but only to the extent that such expense is not reimbursed from the proceeds received by operation of any insurance policy. In such circumstances, and for the purposes of bylaws 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3, any insurance deductible paid or payable by the strata corporation shall be considered an expense not covered by the proceeds received by the strata corporation as insurance coverage and will be charged to the owner.

- Any resident whose car or suite alarm sounds randomly shall be levied a fine of up to \$100.00 per occurrence.
- 4.6 A resident shall be responsible for any person or thing that they or their visitor admits to the buildings. A resident or resident's visitor shall not admit or allow to be admitted to the buildings any person who phones on the enterphone or otherwise unless the person admitted is to visit the resident's suite.
- 4.7 A resident or resident's visitor shall not allow access to the buildings to anyone unknown to the resident.

## 5. Pets and animals

- 5.1 A resident or visitor must not keep any pets on a strata lot or common property or on land that is a common asset except in accordance with these bylaws.
- 5.2 A resident or visitor must ensure that all animals are leashed or otherwise secured when on the common property or on land that is a common asset.
- 5.3 A resident must not harbour exotic pets, including not exhaustively, snakes, reptiles, spiders or large members of the cat family.
- A resident wishing to keep a pet brought into a strata lot or the common property after April 1, 1993 must apply to the council for written permission to keep the pet (a "Permitted Pet") by registering the pet with the council within 30 days of the pet residing on a strata lot (or the passage of this bylaw) and by providing, in writing, the name of the Permitted Pet, breed, colour and markings, together with the name, strata lot number and telephone number of the pet owner. In granting permission, the council shall consider the size of the pet and the number of pets in the complex and require the owner's undertaking to prevent or be responsible for damage to the common areas.
- 5.5 A resident or visitor must not permit a loose or unleashed Permitted Pet (leashes cannot exceed six feet in length) at any time within on the common property or on land that is a common asset. A Permitted Pet found loose on common property or land that is a common asset shall be delivered to the municipal pound at the cost of the strata lot owner.
- A resident must not keep a Permitted Pet which is a nuisance on a strata lot, on common property or on land that is a common asset. If a resident has a pet which is not a Permitted Pet or if, in the opinion of council, the Permitted Pet is a nuisance or has caused or is causing an unreasonable interference with the use and enjoyment by residents or visitors of a strata lot, common property or common assets, the council may order such pet to be removed permanently from the strata lot, the common property or common asset or all of them.
- 5.7 If a resident contravenes bylaw 5.6, the owner of the strata lot will be subject to a fine of \$200.00.

- Notwithstanding bylaw 5.7, a resident whose pet contravenes bylaw 5.6 will be subject to an immediate injunction application and the owner of the strata lot will be responsible for all expenses incurred by the strata corporation to obtain the injunction, including legal costs.
- 5.9 A pet owner must ensure that a Permitted Pet is kept quiet, controlled and clean. Any excrement on common property or on land that is a common asset must be immediately disposed of by the pet owner.
- 5.10 A pet owner must keep a Permitted Pet only in a strata lot, except for ingress and egress, and the resident or visitor must carry the Permitted Pet when the Permitted Pet is in the interior of the building, including the elevator, if any.
- 5.11 A strata lot owner must assume all liability for all actions by a Permitted Pet, regardless of whether the owner had knowledge, notice or forewarning of the likelihood of such action.
- 5.12 A resident or visitor must not feed birds, rodents or other wild animals from any strata lot, limited common property, common property or land that is a common asset. No bird feeders of any kind are permitted to be kept on balconies, strata lots, common property or land that is a common asset.
- 5.13 A resident who contravenes any of bylaws 5.1 to 5.6 (inclusive) or 5.9 to 5.12 (inclusive) will be subject to a \$100.00 fine.

## 6. Inform strata corporation

- 6.1 An owner must notify the strata corporation of:
  - (a) within two weeks of becoming an owner; the owner's name and any occupants' names, strata lot number and mailing address outside the strata plan, if any; and
  - (b) any mortgage or other dealing in connection with the strata lot within two weeks of such mortgaging or other dealing.
- 6.2 On request by the strata corporation, a tenant must inform the strata corporation of the tenant's name and the strata lot which the tenant occupies.

# 7. Obtain approval before altering a strata lot

- 7.1 An owner must obtain the written approval of the strata corporation before making or authorizing an alteration to a strata lot that involves any of the following:
  - (a) the structure of a building;
  - (b) the exterior of a building;

- (c) patios, chimneys, stairs, balconies or other things attached to the exterior of a building;
- (d) doors, windows or skylights on the exterior of a building, or that front on the common property;
- (e) fences, railings or similar structures that enclose a patio, balcony or yard;
  - (f) common property located within the boundaries of a strata lot;
  - (g) those parts of the strata lot which the strata corporation must insure under section 149 of the Act; and
  - (h) wiring, plumbing, piping, heating, air conditioning and other services.
- 7.2 The strata corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval under bylaw 7.1, but may require as a condition of its approval that the owner agree, in writing, to take responsibility for any expenses relating to the alteration and to indemnify and hold harmless the strata corporation for any future costs in connection with the alteration.
- 7.3 Bylaw 5(3) of the Schedule of Bylaws to the Act does not apply to the strata corporation.
- 7.4 An owner intending to apply to the strata corporation for permission to alter a strata lot must submit, in writing, detailed plans and written description of the intended alteration.
- 8. Obtain approval before altering common property
- 8.1 An owner must obtain the written approval of the strata corporation before making or authorizing an alteration to common property, including limited common property or common assets.
- 8.2 An owner, as part of its application to the strata corporation for permission to alter common property, limited common property or common assets, must:
  - (a) submit, in writing, detailed plans and description of the intended alteration;
  - (b) obtain all applicable permits, licences and approvals from the appropriate governmental authorities and provide copies to the strata council; and
  - (c) obtain the consent of the owners by written approval of the strata council under bylaw 8.1.
- 8.3 The strata corporation may require, as a condition of its approval, that the owner agree, in writing, to certain terms and conditions, including, not exhaustively, the following:
  - (a) that alterations be done in accordance with the design or plans approved by the strata council or its duly authorized representatives;

- (b) that the standard of work and materials be not less than that of the existing structures;
- (c) that all work and materials necessary for the alteration be at the sole expense of the owner;
- (d) that the owner from time to time of the strata lot receiving the benefit of an alteration to common property, limited common property or common assets must, for so long as he or she remains an owner, be responsible for all present and future maintenance, repairs and replacements, increases in insurance, and any damage suffered or cost incurred by the strata corporation as a result, directly or indirectly, of the alterations to common property, limited common property or common assets;
- (e) that the owner and any subsequent owner on title who receives the benefit of such alteration, must, with respect only to claims or demands arising during the time that they shall have been owner, indemnify and hold harmless the strata corporation, its council members, employees and agents from any and all claims and demands whatsoever arising out of or in any manner attributable to the alteration. Any costs or expenses incurred by the strata corporation as the result of such claim or demand will be the responsibility of the owner from time to time of the strata lot who has benefited from the alteration and the said costs or expenses incurred must be charged to that owner and shall be added to and become part of the strata fees of that owner for the month next following the date upon which the cost or expenses are incurred, but not necessarily paid by the strata corporation, and shall become due and payable on the due date of payment of monthly strata fees.
- An owner who has altered common property, limited common property or common assets prior to the passage of these bylaws shall be subject to their content and intent to the extent that any damages suffered or costs incurred by the strata corporation as a result, directly or indirectly, of the alteration, must be borne by the owner who has benefited from the alteration.
- 8.5 An owner who, subsequent to the passage of bylaws 8.1 to 8.3 inclusive, alters common property or limited common property without adhering strictly to these bylaws, must restore, at the owner's sole expense, the common property, limited common property or common assets, as the case may be, to its condition prior to the alteration. If the owner refuses or neglects to restore the alteration to its original condition, the strata corporation may conduct the restoration, at the expense of the owner who altered the common property or limited common property. The cost of such alteration shall be added to and become part of the strata fees of that owner for the month next following the date on which the cost was incurred and will become due and payable on the due date of payment of monthly strata fees.

### 9. Renovations/alterations

- 9.1 An owner must give the council two working days' prior notice of the scheduled arrival of tradespersons or delivery of materials. Tradespersons must be licensed and bonded. Inadequate notice or work by unlicensed or unbonded tradespersons will result in the levy of fines.
- 9.2 A resident must not permit any construction debris, materials or packaging to be deposited in the strata corporation's disposal containers.
- 9.3 An owner must ensure that the delivery of any construction materials is through the parking lot and, if in an elevator, the owner must ensure the elevator is protected with proper wall pads and floor coverings. An owner must not permit any renovations/alterations materials to be delivered through the main lobby.

## 9.4 A resident must be responsible to ensure:

- (a) drop cloths are installed and removed daily between the elevators and the strata lot as well as between other doors to protect common areas from any spillage or dripping; and
- (b) stairs, lobbies and paths through the parking areas are regularly cleaned (and vacuumed at the request of the council) and the residential corridor thoroughly vacuumed daily;
- 9.5 An owner must ensure that the hours of work are restricted to 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, and 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Saturdays, Sundays and statutory holidays. To perform renovations/alterations on statutory holidays, an owner must apply for permission in writing to the council at least five business days before the holiday date.
- 9.6 An owner must be in attendance for all SIGNIFICANT renovations/alterations, the determination of SIGNIFICANT shall be in the discretion of the council.
- 9.7 An owner performing or contracting with others to perform renovations or alterations will be responsible, financially and otherwise, for ensuring that any and all required permits and licences are obtained.
- 9.8 An owner in contravention of bylaws 9.1 to 9.7 (inclusive) shall be subject to a fine of \$200.00 for each contravention, as well as be responsible for any clean up or repair costs.

## 10. Permit entry to strata lot

- 10.1 A resident or visitor must allow a person authorized by the strata corporation to enter the strata lot or limited common property
  - in an emergency, without notice, to ensure safety or prevent significant loss or damage;

- (b) at a reasonable time, on 48 hours' written notice,
  - (i) to inspect, repair, renew, replace or maintain common property, common assets and any portions of a strata lot that are the responsibility of the strata corporation to repair, replace, renew and maintain under these bylaws or the Act or to insure under section 149 of the Act; or
  - (ii) to ensure a resident's compliance with the Act, bylaws and rules.
- 10.2 If forced entry to a strata lot is required due to required emergency access and the inability to contact the owner of the strata lot, the owner shall be responsible for all costs of forced entry incurred by the strata corporation.
- 10.3 The notice referred to in bylaw 10.1(b) must include the date and approximate time of entry, and the reason for entry.

## Powers and Duties of Strata Corporation

- 11. Repair and maintenance of property by strata corporation
- 11.1 The strata corporation must repair and maintain all of the following:
  - (a) common assets of the strata corporation;
  - (b) common property that has not been designated as limited common property;
  - (c) limited common property, but the duty to repair and maintain it is restricted to
    - (i) repair and maintenance that in the ordinary course of events occurs less often than once a year, and
    - (ii) the following, no matter how often the repair or maintenance ordinarily occurs:
      - A. the structure of a building;
      - B. the exterior of a building;
      - C. patios, chimneys, stairs, balconies and other things attached to the exterior of a building;
      - D. doors, windows and skylights on the exterior of a building or that front on common property;
      - E. fences, railings and similar structures that enclose patios, balconies and yards;
  - (d) a strata lot, but the duty to repair and maintain it is restricted to

- (i) the structure of a building,
- (ii) the exterior of a building,
- (iii) patios, chimneys, stairs, balconies and other things attached to the exterior of a building,
- (iv) doors, windows and skylights on the exterior of a building or that front on common property, and
- (v) fences, railings and similar structures that enclose patios, balconies and yards.

#### Council

#### 12. Council size

- 12.1 Subject to bylaw 12.2 below, the council must have at least 3 and not more than 7 members.
- 12.2 If the strata plan has fewer than 4 strata lots or the strata corporation has fewer than 4 owners, all the owners are on the council.

## 13. Council eligibility

- 13.1 No person may stand for council or continue to be on council with respect to a strata lot if the strata corporation is entitled to register a lien against that strata lot under section 116(1) of the Act.
- 13.2 No person may stand for council or continue to be on council with respect to a strata lot if there are amounts owing to the strata corporation charged against the strata lot in respect of administration fees, bank charges, fines, penalties, interest or the costs, including the legal costs, of remedying a contravention of the bylaws or rules for which the owner is responsible under section 131 of the Act.

#### 14. Council members' terms

- 14.1 The term of office of a council member ends at the end of the annual general meeting at which the new council is elected.
- 14.2 A person whose term as council member is ending is eligible for reelection.

### 15. Removing council member

15.1 Unless all the owners are on the council, the strata corporation may, by a resolution passed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote at an annual or special general meeting, remove one or more council members. The strata corporation must pass a separate resolution for each council member to be removed. In this bylaw 15.1, a 2/3 (two-thirds) vote means a vote

in favour of a resolution by at least 2/3 of the votes cast by eligible voters who are present in person or by proxy at the time the vote is taken and who have not abstained from voting.

- 15.2 After removing a council member, the strata corporation may hold an election at the same annual or special general meeting to replace the council member for the remainder of the term or the remaining members of the council may appoint a replacement council member for the remainder of the term.
- 15.3 If the strata corporation removes all of the council members, the strata corporation must hold an election at the same annual or special general meeting to replace the council members for the remainder of the term up to, at least, the minimum number of council members required by bylaw of the strata corporation for the remainder of the term.
- 15.4 The council may appoint the remaining council members necessary to achieve a quorum for the strata corporation, even if the absence of the members being replaced leaves the council without a quorum.
- 15.5 A replacement council member appointed pursuant to bylaws 15.2 and 15.4 may be appointed from any person eligible to sit on the council.

## 16. Replacing council member

- 16.1 If a council member resigns or is unwilling or unable to act, the remaining members of the council may appoint a replacement council member for the remainder of the term.
- 16.2 A replacement council member may be appointed from any person eligible to sit on the council.
- 16.3 The council may appoint a council member under bylaw 16.2 even if the absence of the member being replaced leaves the council without a quorum.
- 16.4 If all the members of the council resign or are unwilling or unable to act, persons holding at least 25% of the strata corporation's votes may hold a special general meeting to elect a new council by complying with the provisions of the Act, the regulations and the bylaws respecting the calling and holding of meetings.

### 17. Officers

- 17.1 At the first meeting of the council held after each annual general meeting of the strata corporation, the council must elect, from among its members, a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer.
- 17.2 A person may hold more than one office at a time, other than the offices of president and vice president.
- 17.3 The vice president has the powers and duties of the president

- (a) while the president is absent or is unwilling or unable to act,
- (b) if the president is removed, or
- (c) for the remainder of the president's term if the president ceases to hold office.
- 17.4 The strata council may vote to remove an officer.
- 17.5 If an officer other than the president is removed, resigns, is unwilling or unable to act, the council members may elect a replacement officer from among themselves for the remainder of the term.

## 18. Calling council meetings

- Any council member may call a council meeting by giving the other council members at least one week's notice of the meeting, specifying the reason for calling the meeting.
- 18.2 The notice in bylaw 18.1 does not have to be in writing.
- 18.3 A council meeting may be held on less than one week's notice if
  - (a) all council members consent in advance of the meeting, or
  - (b) the meeting is required to deal with an emergency situation, and all council members either
    - (i) consent in advance of the meeting, or
    - (ii) are unavailable to provide consent after reasonable attempts to contact them.
- 18.4 Bylaw 14(4) of the Schedule of Bylaws to the Act does not apply to the strata corporation.

## 19. Requisition of council hearing

- 19.1 By application in writing, a resident may request a hearing at a council meeting stating the reasons for the request.
- 19.2 Except for a hearing pursuant to section 144 of the Act, if a hearing is requested under bylaw 19.1, the council must hold a meeting to hear the applicant within one (1) month of the date of receipt by the council of the application.
- 19.3 If the purpose of the hearing is to seek a decision of the council, the council must give the applicant a written decision within one week of the date of the hearing.

### 20. Quorum of council

20.1 A quorum of the council is

- (a) 1, if the council consists of one member,
- (b) 2, if the council consists of 2, 3 or 4 members,
- (c) 3, if the council consists of 5 or 6 members, and
- (d) 4, if the council consists of 7 members.
- 20.2 Council members must be present in person at the council meeting to be counted in establishing quorum.

## 21. Council meetings

- 21.1 The council may meet together for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit.
- 21.2 At the option of the council, council meetings may be held by electronic means, so long as all council members and other participants can communicate with each other.
- 21.3 If a council meeting is held by electronic means, council members are deemed to be present in person.
- 21.4 Owners and spouses of owners may attend council meetings as observers.
- 21.5 Despite bylaw 21.4, no observers may attend those portions of council meetings that deal with any of the following:
  - (a) bylaw contravention hearings under section 135 of the Act;
  - (b) rental restriction bylaw exemption hearings under section 144 of the Act;
  - (c) any other matters if the presence of observers would, in the council's opinion, unreasonably interfere with an individual's privacy.

# 22. Voting at council meetings

- 22.1 At council meetings, decisions must be made by a majority of council members present in person at the meeting.
- 22.2 If there is a tie vote at a council meeting, the president may break the tie by casting a second, deciding vote.
- 22.3 The results of all votes at a council meeting must be recorded in the council meeting minutes.

#### 23. Council to inform owners of minutes

23.1 The council must circulate to or post for owners the minutes of all council meetings within 2 weeks of the meeting, whether or not the minutes have been approved.