STRATA PLAN VR-2035 Windgate Willow

Consolidated Bylaws

These consolidated bylaws are for the convenience of the reader only. The official bylaws are as registered at the Land Titles Office from time to time.

Meeting Registered

AGM May 21, 2008 AGM May 26, 2011 AGM May 27, 2014 July 8, 2008 BB0876965 May 30, 2011 BB1759702 June 4, 2014 CA3762181

STRATA PLAN VR-2035 BYLAWS

Preamble

These bylaws bind the strata corporation and the owners, tenants and occupants to the same extent as if the bylaws had been signed by the strata corporation and each owner, tenant and occupant and contained covenants on the part of the strata corporation with each owner, tenant and occupant and on the part of each owner, tenant and occupant with every other owner, tenant and occupant and with the strata corporation to observe and perform their provisions.

Unless otherwise stated, all terms have the meanings prescribed in the *Strata Property Act*, S.B.C. 1998, c. 43 (the "Act"). For the purposes of these bylaws, "residents" means collectively, owners, tenants and occupants and "a resident" means collectively, an owner, a tenant, and an occupant.

The Schedule of Standard Bylaws to the Act does not apply to the strata corporation.

Duties of Owners, Tenants, Occupants and Visitors

1. Compliance with bylaws and rules

1.1 All residents and visitors must comply strictly with the bylaws and rules of the strata corporation adopted from time to time.

2. Payment of strata fees and special levies

- 2.1 An owner must pay strata fees on or before the first day of the month to which the strata fees relate.
- 2.2 Where an owner fails to pay strata fees in accordance with bylaw 2.1, the outstanding strata lot account will be subject to a fine in the amount of \$50.00 for each month the account remains in arrears.
- 2.3 A special levy is due and payable on the date or dates noted in the resolution authorizing the special levy.
- 2.4 Payments received by the strata corporation from an owner or on behalf of the owner shall be applied against the account relating to that owner's strata lot in the following order of priority:
 - (a) the cost of remedying the contravention of a bylaw or rule;
 - (b) fines;
 - (c) costs charged back;
 - (e) interest on unpaid strata fees or special levies;
 - (e) outstanding contributions required pursuant to a special levy; and
 - (f) outstanding strata fees,

unless the payment is clearly intended by the payer to be for a specific item or items on their account. (Repealed and Replaced AGM May 26, 2011 BB1759702)

2.5 Interest shall be charged on overdue strata fees and special levies and shall be calculated at 10% per annum compounded annually. (Appended AGM May 26, 2011 BB1759702)

3. Repair and maintenance of property by owner

- 3.1 An owner must repair and maintain the owner's strata lot, except for repair and maintenance that is the responsibility of the strata corporation under these bylaws.
- 3.2 An owner who has the use of limited common property must repair and maintain it, except for repair and maintenance that is the responsibility of the strata corporation under these bylaws.

4. Use of property

- 4.1 A resident or visitor must not use a strata lot, the common property or common assets in a way that
 - (a) causes a nuisance or hazard to another person,
 - (b) causes unreasonable noise,
 - (c) unreasonably interferes with the rights of other persons to use and enjoy the common property, common assets or another strata lot,
 - (d) is illegal, or
 - (e) is contrary to a purpose for which the strata lot or common property is intended as shown expressly or by necessary implication on or by the strata plan.
- 4.2 A resident or visitor must not cause damage, other than reasonable wear and tear, to the common property, common assets or those parts of a strata lot which the strata corporation must repair and maintain under these bylaws or insure under section 149 of the Act.
- 4.3 An owner is responsible for any damage caused by occupants, tenants or visitors to the owner's strata lot.

5. Pets and animals

- A resident or visitor must not keep any pets on a strata lot or common property or on land that is a common asset except in accordance with these bylaws.
- 5.2 A resident or visitor must ensure that all dogs are leashed or otherwise secured when on the common property or on land that is a common asset.
- 5.3 The number of pets per unit shall be limited to one.

- 5.4 A resident must not keep a pet on a strata lot that exceeds 25 lbs (adult weight).
- A resident must apply to the council for written permission to keep a pet prior to keeping the pet, which permission shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 5.6 The strata council may revoke permission to keep a pet if, in the opinion of council, the pet is a nuisance. If, in the opinion of council, a pet is a nuisance, council may order the pet be removed permanently if the pet owner does not remedy the nuisance within 30 days of a demand to do so by the strata corporation.
- 5.7 Notwithstanding bylaw 5.11, a resident whose pet contravenes bylaw 5.6 will be subject to an immediate injunction application and the owner of the strata lot will be responsible for all expenses incurred by the strata corporation to obtain the injunction, including legal costs.
- 5.8 A pet owner must ensure that a permitted pet is kept quiet, controlled and clean. Any excrement on common property or on land which is a common asset must be immediately disposed of by the pet owner.
- 5.9 A strata lot owner must assume all liability for all actions by a permitted pet, regardless of whether the owner had knowledge, notice or forewarning of the likelihood of such action.
- 5.10 A resident or visitor must not feed birds, rodents or other wild animals from any strata lot, limited common property, common property or land that is a common asset, without first obtaining written permission from the strata council. No consent shall be unreasonably withheld.
- 5.11 DELETED A resident who contravenes any pet bylaw will be subject to a \$100.00 fine.

6. Inform strata corporation

- 6.1 Within two weeks of becoming an owner, an owner must notify the strata corporation of the owner's name and any occupants' names, strata lot number and mailing address outside the strata plan, if any.
- On request by the strata corporation, a tenant must inform the strata corporation of the tenant's name and the strata lot which the tenant occupies.

7. Obtain approval before altering a strata lot

- 7.1 An owner must obtain the written approval of the strata corporation before making or authorizing an alteration to a strata lot that involves any of the following:
 - (a) the structure of a building;
 - (b) the exterior of a building;

- (c) patios, chimneys, stairs, balconies or other things attached to the exterior of a building;
- (d) doors, windows or skylights on the exterior of a building, or that front on the common property;
- (e) fences, railings or similar structures that enclose a patio, balcony or yard;
- (f) common property located within the boundaries of a strata lot;
- (g) those parts of the strata lot which the strata corporation must insure under section 149 of the Act; and
- (h) wiring, plumbing, piping, heating, air conditioning and other services.
- (i) the existing floor coverings. To obtain approval, the owner must apply in writing, and the application to the council must include, in addition to any other requirements of the bylaws:
 - (i) a sample of the underlayment to be used along with the manufacturer's specifications
 - (ii) the company to be used for the work and documentation of their current WCB coverage and liability insurance
- (j) only floor coverings which meet or exceed the following specifications shall be approved by the council:

Covering	<u>Underlay</u>
Carpet	3/8" thick 8 lb/ft3 chip foam
Laminate / Hardwood	70 IIC
Tile	64 IIC

Tile and linoleum shall only be permitted in the entrance area, the bathrooms, the laundry area and kitchen.

Strata Lots on the ground floor are exempt from the requirements of this section 7.1(j).

- 7.2 An owner applying to the strata corporation for permission to alter a strata lot must submit, in writing, detailed plans and written description of the intended alteration.
- 7.3 Any approval granted must be exercised within 60 days and work completed within 150 days.
- 7.4 The strata corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval under bylaw 7.1, but may require as a condition of its approval that the owner agree, in writing, to take

responsibility for any expenses relating to the alteration and to indemnify and hold harmless the strata corporation for any future costs in connection with the alteration.

8. Obtain approval before altering common property

- 8.1 An owner must obtain the written approval of the strata corporation before making or authorizing an alteration to common property, including limited common property or common assets.
- 8.2 An owner, as part of its application to the strata corporation for permission to alter common property, limited common property or common assets, must:
 - (a) submit, in writing, detailed plans and description of the intended alteration;
 - (b) obtain all applicable permits, licences and approvals from the appropriate governmental authorities and provide copies to the strata council; and
 - (c) obtain the consent of the owners by written approval of the strata council under bylaw 8.1.
- 8.3 The strata corporation may require, as a condition of its approval, the owner agree, in writing, to certain terms and conditions, including, not exhaustively, the following:
 - (a) that alterations be done in accordance with the design or plans approved by the strata council or its duly authorized representatives;
 - (b) that the standard of work and materials be not less than that of the existing structures;
 - (c) that all work and materials necessary for the alteration be at the sole expense of the owner:
 - (d) that the owner from time to time of the strata lot receiving the benefit of an alteration to common property, limited common property or common assets must, for so long as he or she remains an owner, be responsible for all present and future maintenance, repairs and replacements, increases in insurance, and any damage suffered or cost incurred by the strata corporation as a result, directly or indirectly, of the alterations to common property, limited common property or common assets;
 - (e) that the owner and any subsequent owner on title who receives the benefit of such alteration, must, with respect only to claims or demands arising during the time that they shall have been owner, indemnify and hold harmless the strata corporation, its council members, employees and agents from any and all claims and demands whatsoever arising out of or in any manner attributable to the alteration. Any costs or expenses incurred by the strata corporation as the result of such claim or demand will be the responsibility of the owner from time to time of the strata lot who has benefited from the alteration and the said costs or expenses incurred must be charged to that owner and shall be added to and

become part of the strata fees of that owner for the month next following the date upon which the cost or expenses are incurred, but not necessarily paid by the strata corporation, and shall become due and payable on the due date of payment of monthly strata fees.

- An owner who has altered common property, limited common property or common assets prior to the passage of these bylaws shall be subject to their content and intent to the extent that any damages suffered or costs incurred by the strata corporation as a result, directly or indirectly, of the alteration, must be borne by the owner who has benefited from the alteration.
- 8.5 An owner who, subsequent to the passage of bylaws 8.1 to 8.3 inclusive, alters common property or limited common property without adhering strictly to these bylaws, must restore, at the owner's sole expense, the common property, limited common property or common assets, as the case may be, to its condition prior to the alteration. If the owner refuses or neglects to restore the alteration to its original condition, the strata corporation may conduct the restoration, at the expense of the owner who altered the common property or limited common property. The cost of such alteration shall be added to and become part of the strata fees of that owner for the month next following the date on which the cost was incurred and will become due and payable on the due date of payment of monthly strata fees.

9. Renovations/alterations

- 9.1 A owner or resident is responsible to ensure that:
 - (a) drop cloths are installed and removed daily between the elevators and the strata lot as well as between other doors to protect common areas from any spillage or dripping; and
 - (b) stairs, lobbies and paths through the parking areas are regularly cleaned (and vacuumed at the request of the council) and the residential corridor thoroughly vacuumed daily;
 - (c) storage of materials complies with the bylaws of the strata corporation and the city. Materials and supplies are not to be stored in common areas.
 - (d) waste generated by renovations are not disposed of into common garbage containers supplied by the strata.
 - (e) the contractor is provided with access to the building and their strata lot
 - (f) all required permits and licences are obtained
 - (g) they are in attendance for all SIGNIFICANT renovations/alterations, the determination of SIGNIFICANT shall be at the discretion of the council
 - (h) the hours of work are restricted to:

8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Saturdays, Sundays and statutory holidays

To perform renovations/alterations on statutory holidays, an owner must apply for permission in writing to the council at least five business days before the holiday date.

10. Permit entry to strata lot

- 10.1 A resident or visitor must allow a person authorized by the strata corporation to enter the strata lot or limited common property
 - (a) in an emergency, without notice, to ensure safety or prevent significant loss or damage;
 - (b) at a reasonable time, on 48 hours' written notice,
 - (i) to inspect, repair, renew, replace or maintain common property, common assets and any portions of a strata lot that are the responsibility of the strata corporation to repair, replace, renew and maintain under these bylaws or the Act or to insure under section 149 of the Act; or
 - (ii) to ensure a resident's compliance with the Act, bylaws and rules.
- 10.2 The notice referred to in bylaw 10.1(b) must include the date and approximate time of entry, and the reason for entry.

Powers and Duties of Strata Corporation

11. Repair and maintenance of property by strata corporation

- 11.1 The strata corporation must repair and maintain all of the following:
 - (a) common assets of the strata corporation;
 - (b) common property that has not been designated as limited common property;
 - (c) limited common property, but the duty to repair and maintain it is restricted to
 - (i) repair and maintenance that in the ordinary course of events occurs less often than once a year, and
 - (ii) the following, no matter how often the repair or maintenance ordinarily occurs:
 - A. the structure of a building;
 - B. the exterior of a building;
 - C. patios, chimneys, stairs, balconies and other things attached to the exterior of a building;

- D. doors, windows and skylights on the exterior of a building or that front on common property;
- E. fences, railings and similar structures that enclose patios, balconies and yards;
- (d) a strata lot, but the duty to repair and maintain it is restricted to
 - (i) the structure of a building,
 - (ii) the exterior of a building,
 - (iii) patios, chimneys, stairs, balconies and other things attached to the exterior of a building,
 - (iv) doors, windows and skylights on the exterior of a building or that front on common property, and
 - (v) fences, railings and similar structures that enclose patios, balconies and yards.

Council

12. Council size

12.1 The council must have at least 3 and not more than 7 members.

13. Council eligibility

- 13.1 The owner and the spouse of an owner may stand for council, but not both.
- 13.2 No person may stand for council or, in the discretion of remaining members of council, continue to be on council with respect to a strata lot if the strata corporation is entitled to register a lien against that strata lot under section 116(1) of the Act.
- 13.3 No person may stand for council with respect to a strata lot if there are amounts owing to the strata corporation charged against the strata lot in respect of administration fees, bank charges, fines, penalties, interest or the costs, including the legal costs, of remedying a contravention of the bylaws or rules for which the owner is responsible under section 131 of the Act.

14. Council members' terms

- 14.1 The term of office of a council member ends at the end of the annual general meeting at which the new council is elected.
- 14.2 A person whose term as council member is ending is eligible for reelection.

15. Removing council member

Unless all the owners are on the council, the strata corporation may, by a resolution passed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote at an annual or special general meeting, remove one or

more council members. The strata corporation must pass a separate resolution for each council member to be removed.

For the purpose of this bylaw 15.1, a two-third (2/3) vote means a vote in favour of a resolution by at least two-thirds (2/3) of the votes cast by eligible voters who are present in person or by proxy at the time the vote is taken and who have not abstained from voting.

- 15.2 After removing a council member, the strata corporation may hold an election at the same annual or special general meeting to replace the council member for the remainder of the term or the remaining members of the council may appoint a replacement council member for the remainder of the term.
- 15.3 If the strata corporation removes all of the council members, the strata corporation must hold an election at the same annual or special general meeting to replace the council members for the remainder of the term up to, at least, the minimum number of council members required by bylaw of the strata corporation for the remainder of the term.
- 15.4 The council may appoint the remaining council members necessary to achieve a quorum for the strata corporation, even if the absence of the members being replaced leaves the council without a quorum.
- 15.5 A replacement council member appointed pursuant to bylaws 15.2 and 15.4 may be appointed from any person eligible to sit on the council.

16. Replacing council member

- 16.1 If a council member resigns or is unwilling or unable to act, the remaining members of the council may appoint a replacement council member for the remainder of the term.
- 16.2 A replacement council member may be appointed from any person eligible to sit on the council. The council may appoint a council member under bylaw 16.2 even if the absence of the member being replaced leaves the council without a quorum.
- 16.3 If all the members of the council resign or are unwilling or unable to act, persons holding at least 25% of the strata corporation's votes may hold a special general meeting to elect a new council by complying with the provisions of the Act, the regulations and the bylaws respecting the calling and holding of meetings.

17. Officers

- 17.1 At the first meeting of the council held after each annual general meeting of the strata corporation, the council must elect, from among its members, a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer.
- 17.2 A person may hold more than one office at a time, other than the offices of president and vice president.
- 17.3 The vice president has the powers and duties of the president

- (a) while the president is absent or is unwilling or unable to act,
- (b) if the president is removed, or
- (c) for the remainder of the president's term if the president ceases to hold office.
- 17.4 The strata council may vote to remove an officer.
- 17.5 If an officer other than the president is removed, resigns, is unwilling or unable to act, the council members may elect a replacement officer from among themselves for the remainder of the term.

18. Calling council meetings

- Any council member may call a council meeting by giving the other council members at least one week's notice of the meeting, specifying the reason for calling the meeting.
- 18.2 The notice in bylaw 18.1 does not have to be in writing.
- 18.3 A council meeting may be held on less than one week's notice if
 - (a) all council members consent in advance of the meeting, or
 - (b) the meeting is required to deal with an emergency situation, and all council members either
 - (i) consent in advance of the meeting, or
 - (ii) are unavailable to provide consent after reasonable attempts to contact them.

19. Requisition of council hearing

- 19.1 By application in writing, a resident may request a hearing at a council meeting stating the reasons for the request.
- 19.2 Except for a hearing pursuant to section 144 of the Act, if a hearing is requested under bylaw 19.1, the council must hold a meeting to hear the applicant within one (1) month of the date of receipt by the council of the application.
- 19.3 If the purpose of the hearing is to seek a decision of the council, the council must give the applicant a written decision within one week of the date of the hearing.

20. Quorum of council

- 20.1 A quorum of the council is
 - (a) 1, if the council consists of one member,
 - (b) 2, if the council consists of 2, 3 or 4 members,

- (c) 3, if the council consists of 5 or 6 members, and
- (d) 4, if the council consists of 7 members.
- 20.2 Council members must be present in person at the council meeting to be counted in establishing quorum.

21. Council meetings

- 21.1 The council may meet together for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit.
- 21.2 At the option of the council, council meetings may be held by electronic means, so long as all council members and other participants can communicate with each other.
- 21.3 If a council meeting is held by electronic means, council members are deemed to be present in person.
- 21.4 Owners and spouses of owners may attend council meetings as observers.
- 21.5 Despite bylaw 21.4, no observers may attend those portions of council meetings that deal with any of the following:
 - (a) bylaw contravention hearings under section 135 of the Act;
 - (b) rental restriction bylaw exemption hearings under section 144 of the Act;
 - (c) any other matters if the presence of observers would, in the council's opinion, unreasonably interfere with an individual's privacy.

22. Voting at council meetings

- 22.1 At council meetings, decisions must be made by a majority of council members present in person at the meeting.
- 22.2 If there is a tie vote at a council meeting, the president may break the tie by casting a second, deciding vote.
- 22.3 The results of all votes at a council meeting must be recorded in the council meeting minutes.

23. Council to inform owners of minutes

23.1 The council must circulate to or post for owners the minutes of all council meetings within 2 weeks of the meeting, whether or not the minutes have been approved.

24. Delegation of council's powers and duties

- 24.1 Subject to bylaws 24.2, 24.3 and 24.4, the council may delegate some or all of its powers and duties to one or more council members or persons who are not members of the council, and may revoke the delegation.
- 24.2 The council may delegate its spending powers or duties, but only by a resolution that
 - (a) delegates the authority to make an expenditure of a specific amount for a specific purpose, or
 - (b) delegates the general authority to make expenditures in accordance with bylaw 24.3.
- 24.3 A delegation of a general authority to make expenditures must
 - (a) set a maximum amount that may be spent, and
 - (b) indicate the purposes for which, or the conditions under which, the money may be spent.
- 24.4 The council may not delegate its powers to determine, based on the facts of a particular case,
 - (a) whether a person has contravened a bylaw or rule,
 - (b) whether a person should be fined, and the amount of the fine,
 - (c) whether a person should be denied access to a recreational facility, or
 - (d) whether an owner should be granted an exemption from a rental restriction bylaw under section 144 of the Act.

25. Spending restrictions

A person may not spend the strata corporation's money unless the person has been delegated the power to do so in accordance with these bylaws.

26. Limitation on liability of council member

- A council member who acts honestly and in good faith is not personally liable because of anything done or omitted in the exercise or intended exercise of any power or the performance or intended performance of any duty of the council.
- 26.2 Bylaw 26.1 does not affect a council member's liability, as an owner, for a judgment against the strata corporation.
- All acts done in good faith by the council are, even if it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment or continuance in office of a member of

council, as valid as if the council member had been duly appointed or had duly continued in office.

Enforcement of Bylaws and Rules

27. Fines

- 27.1 Except where specifically stated to be otherwise in these bylaws, the strata corporation may fine an owner or tenant:
 - (a) \$200.00 for each contravention of a bylaw, and
 - (b) \$50.00 for each contravention of a rule.
- 27.2 The council must, if it determines in its discretion that a resident is in repeated contravention of any bylaws or rules of the strata corporation, levy fines and the fines so levied shall be immediately added to the strata fees for the strata lot and shall be due and payable together with the strata fees for the strata lot in the next month following such contravention.
- 27.3 It is understood and agreed that clauses 5.11 and 41.6 are hereby deleted in their entirety.

28. Continuing contravention

28.1 Except where specifically stated to be otherwise in these bylaws, if an activity or lack of activity that constitutes a contravention of a bylaw or rule continues, without interruption, for longer than 7 days, a fine may be imposed every 7 days.

Annual and Special General Meetings

29. Quorum of meeting

29.1 If within 1/2 hour from the time appointed for an annual or special general meeting, a quorum is not present the eligible voters, present in person or by proxy, constitute a quorum.

This bylaw 29.1 is an alternative to section 48(3) of the Act. This bylaw does not apply to a meeting demanded pursuant to section 43 of the Act and failure to obtain a quorum for a meeting demanded pursuant to section 43 terminates, and does not adjourn, that meeting.

30. Person to chair meeting

- 30.1 Annual and special general meetings must be chaired by the president of the council.
- 30.2 If the president of the council is unwilling or unable to act, the meeting must be chaired by the vice president of the council.

30.3 If neither the president nor the vice president of the council chairs the meeting, a chair must be elected by the eligible voters present in person or by proxy from among those persons, eligible to vote, who are present at the meeting.

31. Participation by other than eligible voters

- 31.1 Tenants and occupants may attend annual and special general meetings, whether or not they are eligible to vote.
- 31.2 Persons who are not eligible to vote, may not participate in the discussion at a meeting.
- 31.3 Tenants who are not eligible to vote, must leave the meeting if requested to do so by a resolution passed by a majority vote at the meeting.

32. Voting

- 32.1 Except on matters requiring a unanimous vote, the vote for a strata lot may not be exercised if the strata corporation is entitled to register a lien against that strata lot under section 116(1) of the Act.
- 32.2 [Deleted] Except on matters requiring a unanimous vote, the vote for a strata lot may not be exercised if there are amounts owing to the strata corporation charged against the strata lot in respect of administration fees, bank charges, fines, penalties, interest or the costs, including the legal costs, of remedying a contravention of the bylaws or rules, including legal costs, for which the owner is responsible under section 131 of the Act. (Repealed AGM May 26, 2011 BB1759702)
- At an annual or special general meeting, voting cards must be issued to eligible voters. At an annual or special general meeting a vote is decided on a show of voting cards, unless an eligible voter requests a precise count.
- 32.4 If a precise count is requested, the chair must decide whether it will be by show of voting cards or by roll call, secret ballot or some other method.
- 32.5 The outcome of each vote, including the number of votes for and against the resolution if a precise count is requested, must be announced by the chair and recorded in the minutes of the meeting.
- 32.6 If there is a tie vote at an annual or special general meeting, the president, or, if the president is absent or unable or unwilling to vote, the vice president, may break the tie by casting a second, deciding vote.
- 32.7 Despite anything in bylaws 32.1 to 32.7 (inclusive), an election of council or removal of a council member must be held by secret ballot, if the secret ballot is requested by an eligible voter.

33. Electronic attendance at meetings

- 33.1 A person who is eligible to vote may attend an annual or special general meeting by electronic means so long as the person and the other participants can communicate with each other.
- 33.2 If an annual or special general meeting is held by electronic means with a person, the person is deemed to be present in person for the purposes of the meeting.

34. Order of business

- 34.1 The order of business at annual and special general meetings is as follows:
 - (a) certify proxies and corporate representatives and issue voting cards;
 - (b) determine that there is a quorum;
 - (c) elect a person to chair the meeting, if necessary;
 - (d) present to the meeting proof of notice of meeting or waiver of notice;
 - (e) approve the agenda;
 - (f) approve minutes from the last annual or special general meeting;
 - (g) deal with unfinished business;
 - (h) receive reports of council activities and decisions since the previous annual general meeting, including reports of committees, if the meeting is an annual general meeting;
 - (i) ratify any new rules made by the strata corporation under section 125 of the Act;
 - (j) report on insurance coverage in accordance with section 154 of the Act, if the meeting is an annual general meeting;
 - (k) approve the budget for the coming year in accordance with section 103 of the Act, if the meeting is an annual general meeting;
 - (l) deal with new business, including any matters about which notice has been given under section 45 of the Act:
 - (m) elect a council, if the meeting is an annual general meeting;
 - (n) terminate the meeting.

Voluntary Dispute Resolution

35. Voluntary dispute resolution

- A dispute among owners, tenants, the strata corporation or any combination of them may be referred to a dispute resolution committee by a party to the dispute if
 - (a) all the parties to the dispute consent, and
 - (b) the dispute involves the Act, the regulations, the bylaws or the rules.

- 35.2 A dispute resolution committee consists of
 - (a) one owner or tenant of the strata corporation nominated by each of the disputing parties and one owner or tenant chosen to chair the committee by the persons nominated by the disputing parties, or
 - (b) any number of persons consented to, or chosen by a method that is consented to, by all the disputing parties.
- 35.3 The dispute resolution committee must attempt to help the disputing parties to voluntarily end the dispute.

Small Claims Court Proceedings

36. Authorization to proceed

36.1 The strata corporation may proceed under the *Small Claims Act*, without further authorization by the owners, to recover from an owner or other person, by an action in debt in Small Claims Court, money owing to the strata corporation, including money owing as administration fees, bank charges, fines, penalties, interest or the costs, including legal costs, of remedying a contravention of the bylaws or rules and to recover money which the strata corporation is required to expend as a result of the owner's act, omission, negligence or carelessness or by that of an owner's visitors, occupants, guests, employees, agents, tenants or a member of the owner's family.

Marketing Activities by Owners and Occupants

37. Sale of a strata lot

- 37.1 Real estate signs must not be displayed in a strata lot or on the common property except in the location designated by the strata corporation for real estate signs.
- 37.2 Real estate lock boxes may not be attached to the gate or on the common property.

Insurance

38. Insuring against major perils

- 38.1 The strata corporation must insure against major perils, as set out in regulation 9.1(2), including, without limitation, earthquakes.
- 38.2 In connection with insurance claims, the strata corporation shall have the following authority and powers:
 - (a) to establish and maintain a plan for setting the deductible portion of insurance claims:
 - (b) to cause the owner or owners of the property being the subject matter of the deductible portion of the insurance or otherwise receiving a benefit from the

- insurance claim to bear all or a portion of such deductible, such portion to be decided by the strata corporation in its sole discretion;
- (c) to enforce and collect all costs as determined in (a) and (b) above, including all or a portion of deductibles to be paid by the owner of the property, borrowing costs including interest, and administrative costs in the same manner and, subject to the special powers of the strata corporation under this bylaw, to the same extent that common expenses levied under the act and the bylaws of the strata corporation may be collected from owners.
- 38.3 Where the individual owner's condominium insurance standard policy and the strata corporation's insurance policy overlap in coverage the following policy is adopted:
 - (a) Where an insurance incident occurs exterior to the walls of a condominium unit and causes damage to the property within the walls of the unit, which, in the opinion of the strata corporation, is not caused by negligence of the owner, the claim is against the strata corporation's policy and strata corporation funds will be used to pay the deductibles.
 - (b) Where an incident occurs exterior to the walls of a condominium unit and causes damage to that owner's interior property, which in the opinion of the strata corporation, is caused by the owner, the claim will be against the strata corporation's policy; however, the property owner will be responsible for all or a portion of the deductible. The portion of the deductible to be paid by the property owner is to be determined by the strata corporation in its sole discretion.
 - (c) Where an incident occurs within the walls of a condominium unit and causes damage to property within the walls of the same condominium unit, the claim is against the strata lot owner as named insured on the policy, and the deductible is the responsibility of the property owner.

Storage

39. Storage lockers and bicycle storage

39.1 A resident must not store any hazardous or flammable substances in storage lockers.

Parking

40. Parking

- 40.1 A resident must not permit any oversized, commercial or recreational vehicles including, but not exhaustively, boats, trailers and campers to enter or be parked or stored on common, limited common property or land that is a common asset.
- 40.2 A resident must not store uninsured vehicles on the common, limited common property or on land that is a common asset.

- 40.3 A resident storing a vehicle must provide proof of insurance to the strata corporation on the commencement date of the storage.
- 40.4 An owner must not sell, lease or licence parking stalls to any person.
- 40.5 A resident must park only in the parking stall assigned to the resident, unless authorized by the owner.
- 40.6 A resident or visitor must not permit a vehicle to be parked or left unattended in a manner that interferes with parking stalls, access lanes or no parking zones.
- 40.7 Any resident's vehicle parked in violation of bylaw 40.6 will be subject to removal by a towing company authorized by council, and all costs associated with such removal will be charged to the owner of the strata lot.
- 40.8 A resident or visitor operating a vehicle in the parking areas must activate the vehicle's headlights and not exceed 10 km/hour.
- 40.9 A resident or visitor must not smoke while in the parking area and elevator area.
- 40.10 A resident must wash a vehicle in the location designated for vehicle washing only. Once washing is completed, the resident must hose down and remove all dirt, refuse and excess water from the washing area. While washing, a resident must keep audio volume low.
- 40.11 A resident must not park or store any vehicle that drips oil or gasoline. A resident must remove any dripped oil, gasoline or other automotive residue.

Moving

41. Moving in/out procedures

- 41.1 An owner must conform and ensure that any tenants conform to the Move In and Move Out rules established by council from time to time.
- 41.2 A resident must provide notice to the strata corporation of all moving arrangements at least 48 hours before the moving date. All moves must take place between 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays and statutory holidays.
- 41.3 A resident using the elevator during a move must ensure that the **ELEVATOR SERVICE KEY** is used to control the elevator and the doors not jammed open in any manner. Elevator pads must be used.
- 41.4 A resident must ensure the lobby doors are not left open, ajar or unattended and that furniture is not left piled in the lobby area.
- 41.5 A resident must ensure that all common areas are left damage free and clean.
- 41.6 DELETED A resident contravening bylaws 41.1 to 41.5 (inclusive) shall be subject to a fine of \$100.00.

41.7 A non-refundable move-in fee of \$100.00 shall be charged against a strata lot account for each change in occupancy in that strata lot.

Appearance of Strata Lots

42. Cleanliness

- 42.1 A resident must not allow a strata lot to become unsanitary or untidy. Rubbish, dust, garbage, boxes, packing cases and other similar refuse must not be thrown, piled or stored in the strata lot or on common property. Any expenses incurred by the strata corporation to remove such refuse will be charged to the strata lot owner.
- 42.2 A resident must ensure that ordinary household refuse and garbage is securely wrapped and placed in the containers provided for that purpose, recyclable material is kept in designated areas and material other than recyclable or ordinary household refuse and garbage is removed appropriately.

Rentals

43. Residential rentals

- 43.1 No strata lots may be rented.
- 43.2 If an owner is exempt from a rental restriction bylaw pursuant to the Act, prior to possession of a strata lot by a tenant, an owner must deliver to the tenant the current bylaws and rules of the strata corporation and a Notice of Tenant's Responsibilities in Form K.
- 43.3 Within two weeks of renting a strata lot, the landlord must give the strata corporation a copy of the Form K Notice of Tenant's Responsibilities signed by the tenant, in accordance with section 146 of the Act.
- 43.4 Where an owner leases a strata lot in contravention of bylaw 43.1, the owner shall be subject to a fine of \$500.00 per week and the strata corporation shall take all necessary steps to terminate the lease or tenancy, including, but not limited to, seeking a declaration or Court injunction to enforce the bylaw. Any legal costs incurred by the strata corporation in enforcing the rental restriction bylaws shall be the responsibility of the contravening owner and shall be recoverable from the owner on a solicitor and own client basis by the strata corporation.

Visitors and Children

44. Children and supervision

44.1 Residents are responsible for the conduct of visitors including ensuring that noise is kept at a level, in the sole determination of a majority of the council that will not disturb the rights of quiet enjoyment of others.

- 44.2 Residents are responsible for the conduct of children residing in their strata lot, including ensuring that noise is kept at a level, in the sole determination of a majority of the council, that will not disturb the quiet enjoyment of others.
- 44.3 Residents are responsible to assume liability for and properly supervise activities of children including, but not exhaustively, bicycling, skateboarding and hockey.

45. Miscellaneous

- 45.1 A resident or visitor must not smoke on common property.
- 45.2 A resident or visitor may use barbecues, hibachis or other forms of outdoor cooking on common property and limited common property provided that such use does not create a fire hazard or nuisance.
- 45.3 A resident or visitor must not hinder or restrict sidewalks, entrances, exits, halls, passageways, stairways and other parts of the common property. Hindrance and restriction includes the keeping of personal items and garbage.
- 45.4 A resident or visitor must not wear or use, as the case may be, inline skates, bicycles, scooters or skateboards **ANYWHERE** in the building, including a strata lot.
- 45.5 A resident or visitor must not use common property electrical outlets with the exception of parking area outlets used while vacuuming a vehicle.
- 45.6 Subject to bylaw 37.1, a resident or owner must not erect or display or permit to be erected or displayed any signs, fences, billboards, placards, advertising, notices or other fixtures of any kind on the common property or in a strata lot, unless authorized by the council. This shall include exterior painting and the addition of wood, ironwork, concrete, or other materials.
- 45.7 A resident may post notices on the designated bulletin board, subject to being removed by the council if deemed inappropriate or posted for in excess of one week.
- 45.8 A resident or visitor must not shake rugs, carpets, mops or dusters of any kind from any balcony, window, stairway or other part of a strata lot or common property.
- 45.9 A resident must ensure that window coverings visible from the outside of the building are cream or white in colour.
- 45.10 A resident must ensure that no air conditioning units, laundry, flags, clothing, bedding or other articles are hung or displayed from windows, balconies or other parts of the building so that they are visible from the outside of the building.
- 45.11 A resident must not display or erect fixtures, poles, clotheslines, racks, storage sheds and similar structures permanently or temporarily on limited common property, common property or land that is a common asset. Despite the foregoing, the placing of items on the limited common property balconies or patio areas shall be limited to free standing, self contained planter boxes or containers, summer furniture and accessories.

45.12	2 An owner must ensure that Christmas lights are installed after December 1st of the year approaching Christmas and removed before January 15th of the year following Christmas.	